

The Gazette is the HOME paper of the Pikes Peak region because it is all that a newspaper should be clean, honest, and up-to-date

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

Sun rises today, 5:31; sets, 6:08.
Mean temperature yesterday, 64.
Weather today, local showers.
Sunshine yesterday, 89 per cent of possible.

NO. 14,001 43RD YEAR

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., SATURDAY, AUGUST 29, 1914 - TWELVE PAGES

PRICE FIVE CENTS

BRITISH FLEET DEFEATS GERMANS IN NORTH SEA FIGHT; 5 VESSELS SUNK

First Important Naval Engagement, off Helgoland, Ends Disastrously for Kaiser's Ships; British Losses Are Slight

LONDON, Aug. 28.—It is announced that the British fleet has sunk two German cruisers and two German torpedo boat destroyers off Helgoland. A third cruiser was set on fire and left sinking.

In addition to the two torpedo boat destroyers and three cruisers, many of the German torpedo boat destroyers were damaged.

Rear Admiral Sir David Beatty commanded the British forces. With a strong array of torpedo boat destroyers, battle cruisers and light cruisers and submarines, he attacked the Germans in Helgoland Bight early this morning. The protected cruiser Mainz was sent to the bottom in an engagement with the light cruiser squadron, while the battle squadron sank another cruiser of the Goeben class.

GERMANS RIDDLED AND SUNK

In the general fighting, two of the German destroyers were riddled and sunk, while many others were badly damaged. One cruiser, battle-scarred and on fire, drifted away in the mist and was lost sight of.

The British cruiser squadron, according to the semi-official report of the battle, although attacked by submarine boats and harassed by floating mines and the guns from the German warships, suffered no serious losses.

The cruiser Amethyst and the torpedo boat destroyer T-100 were damaged, but all the ships in the British fleet arrived at the end of the engagement. The British loss of life was slight.

The battle cruiser squadron consisted of the flagship Lion, the New Zealand, the Queen Mary and the Princess Royal, commanded by Rear Admiral Beatty, while Rear Admiral Moore, Rear Admiral Christian, Commodore Goodrough and Commodore Ty. Witt had charge of other contingents.

A wireless dispatch received tonight from one of the cruisers said she was making for port with men wounded in the engagement.

The Mainz and the vessel of the Goeben class were protected cruisers, 402 feet long and displacing 4,280 tons. They had a speed of slightly over 25 knots an hour.

Canadians Fear Attack

OTTAWA, Aug. 28.—The sortie of German cruisers and destroyers which resulted in a naval battle off Helgoland in the North sea has aroused the apprehension of Canadian military authorities, who are about to dispatch troop ships for Europe.

"We have thought for some time," a member of the government said tonight, "that the success the German cruisers on the Atlantic and Pacific have had in eluding capture would result in their trying to slip out. It is evident that on both the Atlantic and Pacific, German cruisers are having no difficulty in eluding at sea, for otherwise they would have been captured."

had to seek refuge in a neutral port and dismantle.

"There are three German cruisers in the Atlantic and two in the Pacific. They are not numerous enough to do much damage, though they have given rise to alarm which has demoralized shipping, and have sent up the price of marine insurance."

"If a squadron of German cruisers and destroyers could break through the British fleet and reach the Atlantic they would constitute a menace to commerce which would practically be everything up. I believe that is what the Germans were trying to do when they were caught and smashed off Helgoland today."

The first Canadian force will sail for England tomorrow in the form of a

(Continued on Page Three)

Reservists Arriving in Paris to Protect City From Invasion by the Germans; Capital Is Preparing for an Immediate Siege



CORONER LAWRENCE BEYLE DIES AFTER ILLNESS OF WEEK

Death Due to Infection Following Operation for Appendicitis

F. Lawrence Beyle, coroner of El Paso county, died shortly after a week's illness at the Colorado sanatorium, where he had been suffering for the last six days.

Coroner Beyle underwent an emergency operation for appendicitis Sunday evening at the hospital, infection set in, and his condition became critical three days ago. Conferees



F. LAWRENCE BEYLE

of physicians were called, and everything possible was done in an effort to save his life, but it became evident to those attending him early yesterday that this was impossible.

Youngest Coroner in State

Beyle was 24 years old, and probably the youngest coroner in Colorado. He was born in Salt Lake City, but had spent practically all of his life in the Pikes Peak region. For several years he and his father, Ferdinand Beyle, conducted undertaking rooms in Colorado City. They discontinued business

(Continued on Page Three)

Censors Censor Censored-News From War Zone

PARIS, Aug. 28.—The British and French censors appear to be as busy on news passed by one of the other of the allies' official news bureaus as on the dispatches of the newspaper correspondents. The British censors stop parts of official communications issued by the war office in Paris and the French censors appear to have done so in a number of instances, announcements made in the house of commons regarding the situation of the armies. The French censorship, however, seems less severe than that in England on news originating in France.

FRANCE CALLS LOYAL SONS TO DEFENSE OF THE NATION

Great Battle Raging, but It Is Indecisive, Says Bulletin; All Frenchmen Urged to Rise to the Call of Duty

PARIS, Aug. 28.—The cabinet this evening issued the following manifesto to the country:

"Frenchmen:

"The new government has just taken possession of its post of honor and of the combat. The country knows it may count upon its energy, and that it gives itself, with all its soul, to the country's defense."

"The government knows it may count upon the blood of the fatherland and liberty alongside the heroic Belgian and English armies. They support the most formidable storm of shells and shells that has ever been let upon a people, and every one stands firm. To them glory, glory to the living and glory to the dead. Thanks to

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GERMANS HAMMERING AT LAST BARRIER THAT STANDS BETWEEN THEM AND PARIS

Allies Are Being Pressed Back to New Positions; Armies Remaining Intact

HOPE OF SALVATION NOW DEPENDS ON RUSSIAN ADVANCE FROM EAST

Lord Kitchener Tells British Government More Troops Will Be Required Immediately for Conflict

LONDON, Aug. 28.—(Midnight)—Friday has been a day of momentous news. News of the gravest character came from France, where, in a single week, the aspects of the operations have changed entirely.

Last week the allied armies were pursuing an offensive campaign on all the frontiers. Now, according to official news received from Berlin, Emperor William is congratulating his people on the success of the German army in the task of "putting the lion ring" around the allied armies from Cambrai, department of Nord, France, to the Vosges, while Lord Kitchener, the British war minister, came into parliament with the announcement that troops from India are being called to help the British army in France, and that the British army is to be immediately reinforced.

The only consolation offered the British public was the fact that the only thing that is clear is that the allies are fighting on the defensive on ever receding lines, while it is becoming increasingly clear that the allies are making a brilliant coup in Alsace-Lorraine was a week ago in French strategy.

On the side of the allies, whose efforts are devoted to gaining time while the Russian troops overrun Prussia, however, is the fact that their armies are still intact and that they may have some danger from their ever-lengthening lines of communication. That this danger is not negligible is shown by the news that Emperor William has ordered mobilization of the last reserves to protect communications and occupy Belgium so that the troops now engaged in this work may be released to go to the front, where they are badly needed to replace German heavy losses in killed and wounded.

GERMANS DRAW ON BELGIUM FOR SUPPLIES

The work of provisioning and supplying the German armies is greatly facilitated by the Germans being able to draw on Belgium for supplies.

The British public is facing the disheartening news with patient determination. The Spectator says in an editorial note:

"There is cause for anxiety and there is cause for stern determination above all else."

(Continued on Page Two)

PARIS ABLE TO WITHSTAND FURY OF GERMAN GUNS, IS RELIEF MILITARY EXPERTS

PARIS, Aug. 28.—The defenses of Paris are thus described by La Patrie:

"Paris, by its situation, is the stronghold of the national defense. The city is an entrenched camp, protected by three series of works. First, there is an inner circle of defenses; then a circle of forts, and beyond these a second ring of powerful forts destined to prevent the enemy's shells reaching the city. Some of the latter forts are 12 miles from the city."

Best Fortified City in World.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—The fortifications of Paris and their ability to resist a siege are receiving the close attention of military observers, now that Paris is the announced objective point of the German forces and the French ministry of war has adopted urgent means of strengthening the city's defenses to the utmost.

While the city's detailed defenses are surrounded with secrecy by French military authorities, yet their general character and formidable strength are known to military experts, who recognize them as among the strongest fortifications of the world.

These fortifications consist of three distinct circles sweeping around the city—first, the solid wall of masonry, 15 feet high, extending for 22 miles around the old sections of Paris; second, the system of 15 detached forts arranged at intervals, two miles beyond the wall and making a circuit of the city 34 miles long; and, third, an outer circle of forts 15 miles long on

the heights commanding the valley of the Seine.

(Continued on Page 1-2)

WILL OF MRS. MARY WILLIAMS PROVIDES FOR \$50,000 HOME HERE FOR FRIENDLESS GIRLS

Colorado Springs Woman Leaves Greater Part of Estate to Charity; Other Bequests

The will of Mrs. Mary Henry Williams, filed for probate in the county court yesterday, provides for a fund of \$50,000 to be used in the erection and maintenance of a home for homeless and friendless girls, "until they are in safety, earning their own living."

The institution will be situated in Colorado Springs, and will be known as the "Williams Home." The will places the fund for the erection of the home in the hands of Francis D. Pastorius, A. G. Hodgetts and the pastor of St. Stephens Episcopal church of this city. Mrs. Williams died August 4, and was the widow of Charles M. Williams, a member of the old legal firm of Thurlow, Hutton and Williams of this city. Mrs. Williams named Richard H. Hutton as her executor, but he is now in England.

Valuable Property in Estate.

The estate consists of personal property valued at \$95,558.65, real estate in Denver worth \$28,300, and valuable real estate in this city. Ernest A. Peters of Denver, Francis D. Pastorius of Colorado Springs and the International Trust company of Denver are named as the trustees of all trust

funds not otherwise provided for in the will.

Mrs. Williams, in addition to the provision for the "Williams home," made a bequest of \$10,000 to the Old Ladies home in Denver, but attached the qualification that this bequest shall be void if the fund for the Williams home, which consists of the residue of the estate after other bequests and legacies have been paid, does not reach \$50,000. The largest individual legacy is \$20,000 to her brother, William C. Henry, and his wife. She also left \$500 each to John W. Thurlow and Frank J. Henry, provided they do not smoke or drink liquor until they are 25 years old.

Other Legacies and Bequests.

The legacies and bequests in the will are as follows:

William C. Henry, (brother), lots 23, 24, 25, block 7, University park, Denver, in trust, and \$2,500.

Mary Catharine McKinney, cousin, \$5,000.

Louise Peterson, \$500 as token of appreciation of faithful service.

Mary Lenore Berger Chicago, \$500

(Continued on Page Three)

RUSSIANS SWEEPING ALL BEFORE THEM ON EASTERN BORDER

LONDON, Aug. 28 (Saturday).—The Russians are advancing rapidly on Lemberg, Austria, their cavalry overrunning all Austrian opposition," says a dispatch from the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company. The message continues:

"The Russian troops are marching on Königsberg and already have repulsed the advance guard of the garrison. The Russians now occupy important positions on the River Ape."

"Between the River Vistula and Dniester, the Russians are in close touch with the Austrians, whom they have already defeated decisively at Tempashoff and Monastyrskaya."

LONDON, Aug. 28 (Saturday).—The Russian embassy here last night received advices from St. Petersburg to the effect that the Russians had occupied Allenstein, East Prussia, 65 miles south of Königsberg, after repulsing the Germans, who had brought up heavy reinforcements.

In Galicia, the advices said, the Russian advance continued and an Austrian regiment had been decimated.

LONDON, Aug. 28 (Saturday).—A dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Daily Mail says the western districts of Poland, as far east as Lodz, were for some time held by smaller German detachments. These are now falling back and Lodz has been occupied by the Russians. The advance of Russian cavalry has reached Kolbuszowa near Lodz.

Great Battle Raging.

"Certainly, a great battle is raging, but it is not decisive. Whatever may be the result, the struggle will continue. France is not as easy a prey as the incidence of the enemy imagines."

"Frenchmen, the present duty is to fight, but simple, repulse the enemy, burn him and save our soil from his grasp. Save liberty from his grasp. Hold fast as long as need be until the end. Lift up our minds and souls above the petty and remain the masters of our destiny."

"Meanwhile, our Russian allies march with decided steps toward the German capital, that is pervaded with anxiety and inflamed many reverses on its troops which are retreating."

"We ask of the country all the sacrifices and all the resources that it can furnish in men and energy. Be firm, then, and resolute. Let the national life aided by appropriate financial and administrative measures, continue uninterrupted."

"Let us have confidence in ourselves. Let us forget all that is not of the nation. Face the frontier, we have the method and the will. We shall have the victory."

BELGIUM PROTESTS BURNING OF LOUVAIN TO UNITED STATES

Act an Outrage Upon Whole World, Declares Minister to Secretary Bryan

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Formal protest against the burning of Louvain by German troops, as a violation of international law and the laws of humanity, was submitted to the state department late today by Belgian Minister Havenit.

The minister was deeply moved when he left Secretary Bryan's office, where for the last few weeks his visits have

(Continued on Page Three)



1/4 Off Sale WULFF SHOE CO.

2,000 PAIRS SHOES

The final wind-up of our summer sale is near at hand, and we offer the greatest bargains ever put out in this city—2,000 pairs of our very best women's shoes are going at a uniform discount of 25%.

ALL LOW SHOES

Colonials and Pumps are offered to you at 25% off. Patents, dull kid, dull calf, satin and suede. The very latest styles and handsome models in every pair. See them in our windows.

WULFF SHOE CO. 118 South Tejon St.

WHAT THE PRESS AGENT'S SAY



ROY BRIANT

Who Appears as Theophilus Pinkney in "The Stranger" at the Burns This Week.

"OUR MUTUAL GIRL"

It is evident that, as the mystery begins to unravel, still intense emotions are evoked in the nature of the dramatic situation. Dunbar, in the role of volunteer detective, the only person who has the inside knowledge which would lead to the arrest of the real thief, is himself under suspicion. The last misstep will cause his arrest. He even fears that his efforts to recover her will lead for "Our Mutual Girl" may cost him his life.

Margaret, meanwhile, is trying to forget her loss in shopping tours and a visit to the studio of James Montgomerie. Visiting Spaulding's fifth avenue shop, Margaret is outfitted in the very latest fashions for sportswear. She insists upon wearing one of the costumes to Mr. Flagg's studio, and although to Auntie it seems just a trifle unconventional for a girl to appear in a white serge suit, she consents. Mr. Flagg evidently approves of the

effect, however, as he begins a drawing of Margaret the moment after he is introduced to her.

All this time Dunbar is spending far from a happy day. He has borrowed the white satin jewel case from Margaret to study the thumb print of the burglar, and as he compares it with the print on a police card which he takes from a locked cabinet in his room, his suspicions are confirmed. Then he goes to the phone and calls up a number in the poor district on the lower west side.

When his visitor enters he is Dunbar himself, in duplicate. Yet, on closer inspection, there is an obvious difference. The thrilling denouement of his relation to this mysterious double: how Dunbar tracks him to his lodgings with the help of Ahai, the four-footed crook; and how the thief manages to conceal the necklace, makes the thirty-second installment the most intensely interesting of all that have thus far been shown.

There also will be a two-reel film, "This is the Life," as well as the two-reel Thelma feature, "Conscience," at the Empress today.

ANNETTE KELLERMAN

Owing to the great demand to see Annette Kellerman in "Neptune's Daughter," the masterpiece film, the Opera house will again present the attraction for three days and nights, starting next Monday. Only two performances will be given daily, at 2:30 and 8:30 p. m. There are 7,000 feet of film and more than 500 beautiful scenes. No seats will be reserved, but, in order to accommodate everybody, tickets can be purchased for any performance from 10 a. m. until 9 p. m. on any of the three days. The same price of admission will prevail.

WILDFLOWER EXCURSION

Last trip next Sunday. Adv.

Y. M. C. A. Notes

J. E. Brown, J. M. Clinton and Dr. Kallenberg visited the Colorado Springs association on their return from Estes park. These gentlemen were instructors in the Y. M. C. A. course held during the summer conference at Estes park.

The active work in the gymnasium will begin September 7. All the classes will resume their activities at this time. The young men and boys of the city should join the association at once so as to get the benefit of the class work from the beginning. The gymnasium has been thoroughly renovated and painted and is in first-class order.

The interest in the meetings held in the Colorado Midland shops was never so great as at the present time. Meetings are held every Thursday noon from 12:15 to 12:45. Dr. G. H. Stuntz is the speaker at these meetings.

Plans are under way for a larger number of Bible classes than last year in the association building. A leaders' class will be formed, which will take charge of the Basketball Bible class during the winter. A class in Association history has already been arranged for.

The swimming pool has been the most popular place in the city during the summer and is still used by large numbers of boys and young men.

The annual Bible conference to be conducted by Dr. A. C. Gabelin of New York city, editor of "Our Home," is creating interest. This conference will be held in the association building September 6-11 inclusive. The public is invited. Programs may be secured at the Y. M. C. A. building.

Several groups from the Boys' department have been enjoying an outing at the Y. M. C. A. cabin in Buffalo canon during the past week. A large group is now enjoying the beauties of the canon and will return Saturday.

The today meeting next Sunday afternoon will be conducted by Wilson Fritch of Boston. His subject will be, "Faith, What It Is and Its Power."

Rest Room, 2nd floor Store Opens 8:30 a. m. and Closes 5:30 p. m. Rest Room, 2nd floor

MILLINERY

See our new Fall Millinery priced at \$5.00
Others ranging from \$7.50 to \$50.00

GIDDINGS & KIRKWOOD GIDDINGS BROS

OUTING GOWNS
We have just received a new line of Outing Gowns, all styles and colors. Prices, \$5.00 to \$25.00

Beautiful Evening Costumes in a Special Clearance Sale

We have just 9 Evening Costumes left from the past season, each one is a stunning model, and all are reflective of the highest class of garments made. We offer these beautiful costumes at the following sharp reductions. Shop early as the quantity is limited.

3 That were \$75.00 \$29
1 That was \$85.00 \$30
1 That was \$100.00 \$30
4 That were \$125.00 \$30

\$6.00 to \$7.50 Wash Dresses for \$2.95

One lot of Women's Wash Dresses that sold regularly from \$6.00 to \$7.50; special to close out at, each \$2.95

One lot of Summer Dresses that sold regularly up to \$9.00; extra special to close out at, each \$3.95

Final Sale of Better Grade Summer Dresses

These dresses are made from imported cotton materials, only one of a kind, every one a good model, and a most extraordinary bargain at the price now asked.

\$27.50 to \$32.50 Summer Dresses, now on sale for \$10
\$20.00 to \$22.50 Summer Dresses, now on sale for \$7.50

Final Clearance Sale of Odds and Ends of Women's Shirt Waists

Odd Waists from our own stock and lots remaining from special purchases; ones and twos of a kind; plenty of pretty styles in good models. For a quick clearance we make the following reductions:

\$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50 Shirt Waists for \$0.95
\$3.25 and \$3.50 Shirt Waists for \$1.10
\$3.75, \$4.00 and \$5.00 Shirt Waists for \$1.35
\$5.50, \$5.75 and \$6.00 Shirt Waists for \$1.85
\$6.50, \$7.00 and \$7.50 Shirt Waists for \$2.00
\$8.00, \$8.50 and \$9.00 Shirt Waists for \$2.95
\$9.50 and \$10.00 Shirt Waists for \$3.25
\$11.00, \$12.00 and \$12.50 Shirt Waists for \$3.95
\$15.00 and \$17.50 Shirt Waists for \$4.75

\$1.25 Shirt Waists 65c

One lot of Women's Shirt Waists, made of good quality lawns, organdies and voiles; short sleeves, low neck, open front, new vest effects; just the kind of waist no woman can have too many of; 1.75 values, to close out, at, each 65c

Final Clearance Sale of Children's Ready-to-Wear

For a final cleanup sale of Children's Ready-to-wear Garments, we offer the following at exactly 1/2 price:

BOYS' WASH SUITS 1/2
GIRLS' COLORED DRESSES Price
GIRLS' WHITE DRESSES
CHILDREN'S COATS Price

CHINA SATISFIED WITH THE JAPANESE PROGRAM

TOKYO, Aug. 27.—Assurances have been received here from Peking that President Yuan Shi Kai and his government are amply satisfied with Japan's plans concerning the future safeguarding of Chinese and British interests and the maintenance of the commercial status quo and her promise of assistance to prevent Chinese revolutionaries from seizing this occasion to create disorder.

The feeling prevails here that the Japanese authorities will be able to control the principal revolutionary leaders opposed to the president of China, Dr. Sun Yat Sen, who is at present living at Tokyo. He is best known of these leaders. He is credited with saying that he is satisfied to await the outcome of the present situation. He does not believe that an outbreak at the present time would be of assistance to the real China.

Russians Will Not Use Food Capture From Enemy; Fear Poisoning

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 28.—Vlad London, Aug. 27.—A Russian army order prohibits the use of food and forage abandoned by the Germans in East Prussia because of cases of poisoning which have occurred at Kdtkubnen, Gumbinnen and Insterburg.

According to all accounts the Germans were taken by surprise by the rapidity of the Russian cavalry movements and the dash through the Mazur lake district, where five lines of defense were flanked.

After the capture of Gumbinnen and Insterburg, the line which was the strongest, the Ansburg line, was taken without fighting.

The swift Russian movement, together with the crossing of the river Angerap and the successful battle northward toward Neidenburg, seals the fate of the German frontiers.

Fort Hoven is now surrounded on all sides and passage through east Prussia is consequently quite open.

In 1913 Germany shipped more than 24,000 pounds of onion seed to the United States.

WILSON FRITCH TO TALK AT MEN'S LOBBY MEETING

Wilson Fritch of Boston will speak before the men's lobby meeting at the Y. M. C. A. Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock on the subject, "Faith, What It Is and Its Power." Fritch is well known on the lecture platform, being the speaker of the Fritch-Hastings dramatic recital team. He will give a series of lectures in Perkins hall next month.

MEAT INJURIOUS TO THE KIDNEYS

TAKING A TABLESPOONFUL OF
SALT IF RABBIT HUNTS OR
HAPPY BORN

We are a nation of meat eaters and our blood is filled with uric acid, says a well-known authority, who warns us to be constantly on guard against kidney trouble.

The kidneys do their utmost to free the blood of this irritating acid, but become weak from the overwork; they get into a state of elimination; tissues clog and thus the waste is retained in the blood to poison the entire system.

When your kidneys ache and feel like lumps of lead, and you have aching pains in the back or the joints, cloudy, full of sediment, or the bladder is irritable, obliging you to seek relief during the night; when you have severe headaches, nervous and dizzy spells, sleeplessness, acid stomach or rheumatism in bad weather, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning and in a few days your kidneys will act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys, to neutralize the acids in uric acid, it is no Jones's or Doan's irritant, true, cheap, urinary and bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink, and nobody can make a mistake by taking a little occasionally to keep the kidneys clean and active.

Adv.

Stratton Park Dance

The following program of popular numbers will be given by Director Fred G. Fink's orchestra at the regular dance at Stratton park pavilion tonight.

Waltz—"Pink Lady."
Two-step—"Mary, You're a Little Bit Old Fashioned."
Waltz—"Life's Enjoyment."
Two-step—"Selling Down the Cheasapeake Bay."
Waltz—"First Love."
Two-step—"Dance Chic."
Waltz—"Escamille."
Two-step—"Peg o' My Heart."
Waltz—"La Serenata."
Two-step—"Greyhound."
Waltz—"Gung's Melodies."
Two-step—"Camp Meeting Band."
Waltz—"Valse Boston."
Two-step—"Mammy's Shuffling Dance."
Waltz—"Love and Spring."

SULZER BOOMED TO HEAD N. Y. PROGRESSIVES

UTICA, N. Y., Aug. 27.—A boom for former Governor William Sulzer to head the state ticket, was the feature of the Progressive state conference here today. Colonel Roosevelt did not attend.

Glenwood Springs & Return \$10.00

Wagon Wheel Gap & Return \$10.45

On Sale Fridays and Saturdays 10 to 10 Days.

Fishing Parties

Three on one ticket, one fare per capita.

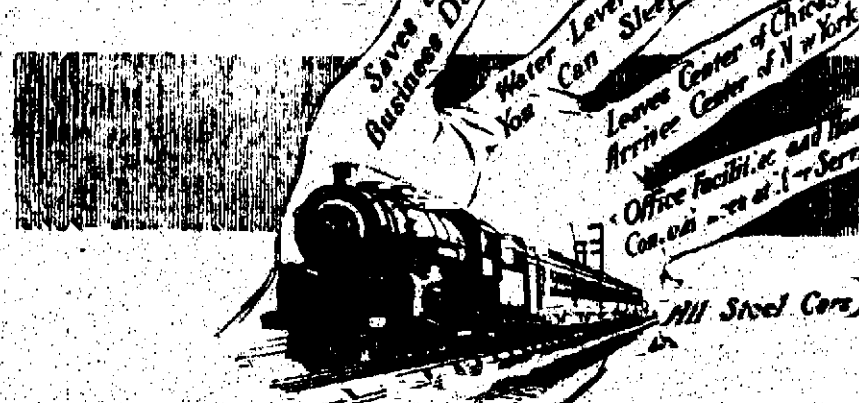
SUMMER TOURIST RATES TO COLORADO, UTAH, PACIFIC COAST AND MOUNTAIN POINTS.



WILLIAMS & SON
WESTERN EXPRESS

City Office, 128 E. Pike St. Phone Main 96.
General Steamship Agency.

5 Reasons



Why

You should use the Famous

20th Century Limited TO New York and Boston

Lv. Chicago 12:40 Noon Arr. New York 9:40 a. m. Arr. Boston 11:55 a. m.

Ten Other Fast Daily Trains

Between Chicago and the East, including the ever popular Lake Shore Limited and the fast morning train, Lake Shore Number Six, completing a service unapproached in excellence.

All trains arrive in New York at Grand Central Terminal, the world's greatest railway terminal, the heart of New York, and the only terminal on all lines of local transportation. The surface cars, subway and elevated service, are all at its very doors.

New York Central Lines

Apply to your local agent for tickets and sleeping car reservations, or for complete information, call on or address our

DENVER OFFICE, 718 Seventeenth Street
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INDIA WILL FIGHT FOR GREAT BRITAIN

Marquis of Crewe Pledges Support of Asiatics in Present Conflict

LONDON, Aug. 28.—The Marquis of Crewe, secretary of state for India, indicated in the house of lords today that the government proposed to employ native Indian troops in the war.

The Marquis of Crewe said: "It has been deeply impressed on the government that the wonderful wave of enthusiasm and loyalty at the present time passing over India is largely due to the desire of the Indian people that Indian soldiers should stand side by side with their comrades in the British army."

"India is aware of the employment of African troops to assist the French army and it would have been a disappointment to India if they had been debarred from taking part in the war in Europe."

Will Fight for Britain.
"Our army will be reinforced by soldiers—highly trained men of first-rate training, and I am certain that they will give the best possible account of themselves. I venture to say that this keen desire of our Indian fellow subjects to cooperate with us is no less gratifying than the same desire shown in self-governing dominions, some of whose soldiers in due course, will no doubt also be found fighting side by side with British troops and Indian troops in the war."

"Of course, we all know that India does not possess an inexhaustible reserve of troops and the defense of India must in itself be a primary consideration, not only in India itself, but to us; but I am able to state that so far as external aggression is concerned—of which I hope and believe there is scarcely a possibility—in spite of these heavy drafts on the Indian army, the Indian frontiers will be fully and adequately secured as regards the risk of internal troubles."

Indians Enthusiastic.

"I believe that the enthusiasm that pervades all classes and races in India will make anything of the sort altogether impossible."

"That enthusiasm has found vent in many different ways—in some cases by gifts of great liberality for the service of troops in the field. I was told only yesterday by the viceroy of India that some of the princely Indian princes had sent a gift of 50 lakhs rupees (about \$2,500,000) for the use of the troops in the field and there has been, on various scales, a number of offers of the kind."

"I feel confident, therefore, that the action we take will meet with a most enthusiastic reception in India, and I believe it will be approved by your lordships, the house of commons, and public opinion here generally."

BRITISH FLEET DEFEATS GERMAN IN NORTH SEA

(Continued From Page One.)

regiment of 1,000 men. Between 20,000 and 25,000 more will sail within two weeks. The presence of powerful sailing German cruisers in the Atlantic, it is held here, should make the transportation of these troops a hazardous undertaking. The Canadian army division will be conveyed by British cruisers and a torpedo boat destroyer flotilla.

Recruits in Training.

Every militia unit in Canada has been ordered to fill up the gaps made by the enlistment of men in the expeditionary force by recruiting to full strength and to carry on actively both regimental and battery drill and target practice. Orders have gone out to every corps commander in Canada to bring at once his regiment or battery up to the full strength and train it to the highest degree of efficiency of which it is capable.

Ordinarily the rural units of the Canadian militia have done a little training in midsummer and the city regiments have drilled chiefly in their armories during the winter. It is proposed that drill shall be actively carried on everywhere in Canada this fall, so that a large force may be available for home defense or for foreign service if it is needed abroad.

campaign, and on March 18, 1865, was breveted brigadier general for his services.

He was appointed pension agent in Chicago, by President Johnson. His acceptance of this appointment prejudiced him in the eyes of General Grant, who, when he became president, refused to reappoint him.

Mr. Hotchkiss served two terms as city clerk. Following the Chicago fire he was appointed chairman of the relief committee. He was successful in the hotel and contracting business, but in his later years his fortune was wiped out by unfortunat investments. The death of his wife and later that of his son, William, who was an engineer, broke his health and he spent his declining years in a home for the aged.

GERMANS THROW ARMY AGAINST THE ALLIES

ROTTERDAM, Aug. 28.—Via London, 5:55 p. m.—Absolutely no news of any sort regarding military operations between Germany and the forces of the allies has been permitted to come from Germany to Rotterdam during the last two days.

It is known, however, that military operations on a tremendous scale are in progress and it is understood that the Germans are throwing themselves against the entire line of the allies with unprecedented fury.

Americans arriving here from points on the Rhine say that large numbers of wounded are being brought into that district.

GREAT NAVAL BATTLE WOULD DECIDE WAR

North Sea Held Key to the Situation; World Knows Little of Events

By HERBERT TEMPLE
European Manager of the International News Service.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—Barring the news of the naval engagement today, in which the British fleet destroyed the German destroyer squadron off Heligoland, what has been going on in the North sea? So far as the public knows there may have been general other engagements on a minor scale, of course, of which the world has not been informed.

It seems reasonable, if the Germans had met with actual reverses upon the sea, that the British censor would hardly be expected to advertise them, but the fact would surely have been given out in Berlin and have reached the world by this time.

Two Great Fleets.

The two fleets now in the North sea are, in the intricacy of construction and their death-dealing facilities, the finest product of all ages of maritime warfare, which is as old as the sea and as old as mankind.

These fleets are to fight the most important battle of the war, for the supremacy of the sea is perhaps the greatest prize of the great conflict. England has held the leadership of the ocean. Germany wants it. Germany is fighting to control the balance of power of Europe and to control the colonies of the world. If she would command the land, Germany must control the sea.

Vital Issue Involved.

So it is that a vital, if not the most vital issue of the great war, hangs on the outcome of affairs in the North sea. Everything is fair in love and war; the old adage has it. Love is always with the world. There are daily reminders of its existence, but the world is now learning again that all is fair in war, also.

It was 300 years ago that Francis Bacon told the English, "He that commands the sea is at great liberty and may take as much or as little of war as he will, whereas those that are strongest by land are, nevertheless, often in difficulties."

Germany, under Wilhelm II, is ambitious for supremacy in Europe. She is now engaged in great fighting. If Germany loses this land battle, her ambition can yet be satisfied if she gains in her warfare on the sea. On the other hand, England, holding the supremacy of the sea, she can yet hold the command on a Germany only victorious on the land.

Naval Battle Decide.

In nearly all great wars naval victories have decided the issue. In battles deciding the command of the sea, the world's history has had its turning points. The naval battle of Salamis was fought B. C. 480 and its victory for the Greeks saved the European continent from oriental domination under the Persians. The naval battle of Actium, fought B. C. 31, overthrew Antony and Cleopatra and overthrew as well their plan to make Alexandria, Egypt, the capital of the Roman empire and sharing its destinies by eastern instead of western ideas.

The defeat of the great Spanish Armada of Philip II, by the English in 1588, when Elizabeth was queen, not only saved England to the English, but saved English civilization to the western world of America.

Great Britain was again rescued from invasion and the domination of the first Napoleon, by the battle of Trafalgar in 1805.

It was on May 27, 1905, when Russia and Japan were at war in eastern waters, that Admiral Togo began the great naval battle of Tsushima. The Japanese fleet, reading his inspiring message as the flag fluttered up to the signal yards of Togo's flagship, Mikasa. "The rise or fall of our empire depends upon this battle. Let every man do his utmost." Japan on that day swept the Russian fleet from the sea at Tsushima and eventually swept it from eastern waters. The Japanese, by that battle and Japan's place among the great powers of the world dates from that engagement.

Should Germany be able to obtain in the North sea such a naval victory over the British warships, it would prove the war for her and rank in importance to a Trafalgar or a Tsushima.

GERMANS CONTINUE BOMBARDMENT OF CITY OF MALINES

LONDON, Aug. 28.—The Germans continued to bombard Malines today, destroying or damaging most of the monuments, according to a dispatch from the Reuters telegraph company. They have entered the town, however. Forts Wahlen and Wavre did not cease to reply.

Thursday's bombardment continued for 40 minutes, the population taking refuge in cellars. When the bombardment had ceased, the authorities ordered the population to evacuate the town, which they did in good order, many seeking refuge in Duffel, where they spent the night in the church.

The bombardment was resumed at 8 o'clock this morning, says the dispatch, and continued until noon, when the rain stopped the population fled.

The damaged buildings include the Hotel de Ville, the church of St. Pierre, which was destroyed; the courts of justice and the cathedral of St. Rombold. The tower of the cathedral remains intact, but the famous chimneys were destroyed.

GERMAN BOAT SUNK IN THE ORIENT BY BRITISH DESTROYER

Japanese Cruisers Forced to Retire After Bombardment of Tsing-Tau

PEKIN, Aug. 28.—Military men here say that the warships of the allies, including the Australian dreadnought, which is expected in Chinese waters soon, will be able to bombard Tsing-Tau with safety, owing to the range of their large guns, which is greater than that of the guns within the German fortifications.

Chinese Torpedo Boat Destroyer Sunk.

CHEFOO, China, Aug. 28.—The British torpedo boat destroyer Weyland has engaged and sunk the German torpedo boat destroyer S-90.

Japanese Attack Tsing-Tau.

TSING-TAU, China, Aug. 28.—Two small Japanese cruisers yesterday drew the first shots from the Tsing-Tau fortifications. Several shots dropped around one of the cruisers, whereupon the vessel fired one shot in reply and withdrew. It is reported that one German shell found its mark.

The Japanese vessels appeared evidently with the purpose of reconnoitering. They were within seven miles, and plainly visible. Several shots from the torpedoes dropped around the leading cruiser, raising columns of water, whereupon the vessel veered east and departed at full speed, after having fired one shot.

During the engagement a German aeroplane flew over the sea. It is estimated here that the torpedoes will be able to last eight months. They are still receiving fresh food supplies. The Shan-Tung trains are arriving and departing.

German Ships Captured.

CHEFOO, China, Aug. 28.—Three German merchant ships, the steamers Frieda, Hanametal and Pakel, have been captured by the British fleet and taken to Wei-Hai-Wei.

PEKIN, Aug. 28.—The steamer Hanametal, which has been captured by the British and taken to Wei-Hai-Wei, flies the American flag. She is owned by a naturalized American, whose citizenship has been forfeited by long absence from the United States. The Hanametal last sailed from Shanghai, ostensibly to remove the women and children from Tsing-Tau, but in some quarters it is said she carried contraband of war. Before leaving Tsing-Tau for Shanghai, she dismantled her British crew and shipped a crew of Germans. This aroused the suspicions of William R. Peck, the American consul at Tsing-Tau, who warned her captain against traffic in contraband.

Available shipping records show no American steamer Hanametal. There is, however, an American steamer Hanametal, belonging to W. Katz of Shanghai. The Hanametal is a vessel of 3,200 gross tons and was built in 1873. She is 373 feet long.

PREMIER ASQUITH WILL TRY TO AROUSE BRITISH PATRIOTISM

LONDON, Aug. 28.—Premier Asquith has decided to address meetings in the principal cities in the United Kingdom to make plain the cause of the war, and to set forth that it is the duty of every man to do his part to make the cause a successful one for the British arms. The premier has directed letters to the lord mayors of the various cities with regard to these meetings, in which he says:

"The time has come for a combined effort to stimulate and organize public opinion and public effort in the greatest conflict in which our people have ever been engaged. None who can contribute anything to the accomplishment of this supremely urgent task is justified in standing aside."

"I propose, as a first step, that meetings should be held without delay, not only in our great centers of population and industry, but in every district, urban and rural, throughout the United Kingdom, at which the justice of our cause should be made plain and the duty of every man to do his part set forth."

"I venture to suggest to your lordships that the four principal cities, in which you respectively preside should lead the way. I myself, am ready, as far as the exigencies of public duty permit, to give each help as I can, and I should be glad, with that object in view, to address my fellow subjects in your cities."

"I have reason to know that I can count upon the cooperation of the leaders of every section of organized political opinion."

ENGLAND READY TO CARE FOR THE WOUNDED

LONDON, Aug. 28.—5:05 p. m.—Virtually all the wounded men brought back to England from the front will be disembarked at the Southampton docks and from there sent to the various hospitals in the country. Nearly all the big London hospitals appear on the official list of hospitals which have been making arrangements for the wounded men. In the London area there will be established also Queen Alexandra's warship and four other military hospitals.

So far as possible the suggestion of Queen Mary that all wounded should be sent to hospitals in the local area of the patient is being adopted. For instance, a man from Kent would be sent to a Kentish hospital.

Final official figures of the geological survey show that more than 92,000,000 barrels of Portland cement were produced in the United States last year.

PARIS ABLE TO WITHSTAND FURY OF GERMAN GUNS, IS BELIEVED MILITARY EXPERTS

(Continued From Page One.)

near sections along the grand boulevards; the residence sections on the north and west of the city and the Latin quarter and other sections on the left bank of the Seine. On the outside of the wall, a circle of suburbs extends for many miles, including Neuilly, Argenteuil, Versailles, Vincennes and many others.

Walls Almost Impenetrable.

"The forts of the second and third line of the defenses are dotted among these suburbs, protecting them and the approaches to the capital. The wall contains 83 bastions and 67 gates. Some of these have been abandoned, owing to the pressure of modern construction and trade. But recent advice received here from Paris state that all the gates still existing are now closed at 8 p. m. with rigid regulations against movements from within or without."

The second line of forts includes the famous fort of Mont-Valerien, which was the center of attack in the German siege of 1870. It is strengthened by a group of forts—Monte-Rouge, Bellevue and the Chateau fort and batteries. South of the city is the fort of Ivry, Bicetre, Mont-Rouge, Vanves and Issy. North and east of the city are three great forts around St. Denis and two others at Fort Aubervilliers and Fort Charenton, commanding the approaches from the great wood of Bondy.

Outer Circle Modern Forts.

The outer circle of forts, which are of the most modern type, have from 25 to 60 heavy guns and 600 to 1,200 men each. In all the three lines of

defense require 10,000 men to operate them, not counting troops assembled within the city. According to military experts, it would require a force of 500,000 men to invest these defenses. General Von Moltke, field marshal of the German forces at the time of the siege of Paris of 1870, states in a report on that siege that the French artillery armament consisted of more than 2,800 pieces, including 200 of the largest caliber of naval ordnance. There were 500 rounds for each gun and a reserve of 300,000 kilograms of powder. Von Moltke points out that the bombardment of a fortified place in the heart of an enemy's country is difficult, if not impossible, until the invader is master of the railways or waterways, by which heavy siege artillery can be brought up in full quantity.

Stronger Than Ever Now.

He explains the failure to bombard Paris at the outset of the former siege by saying it would have required 200 heavy guns with 500 rounds for each gun. The movement forward of these heavy guns would have required 4,500 four-wheeled wagons and 15,000 horses which were not available.

At a later stage the Germans brought up their big siege guns, attacking the enceinte and forts and dropping 500 to 100 15-centimeter shells daily into the heart of the city. Now, notwithstanding the fury of the German attacks, Paris withstood the siege for 132 days. Since then the entire new and outer third line of defense has been erected and military experts say the fortifications as a whole are far more formidable than those which resisted the former siege.

WILL OF MRS. MARY WILLIAMS PROVIDES FOR \$50,000 HOME HERE FOR FRIENDLESS GIRLS

(Continued From Page One.)

In consideration of faithful service, Mrs. Madge Crane Rutledge, cousin of Mrs. Williams, \$1,000.

Mrs. Francis Smith, Kansas City, \$1,000. If Mrs. Smith is not alive this goes to her daughter, Alice.

Mrs. Minnie Stewart Holcomb, Illinois, \$1,000. In the event of her death this is to be divided between her two children, Anne and Charles.

Mrs. Anna Price Rittenmeyer, god-daughter of Mrs. Williams, \$500.

Phillip Stiles Brock, Berkeley, Cal., \$500. In case of his death legacy reverts to his mother, Mrs. Hetty Stiles Brock.

Florence Williams Thurlow, daughter of Charles Thurlow, only namesake of Mrs. Williams, \$1,000.

Richard Hutton, partner of Mr. Williams, \$500 and painting of "La Riviere Sainte" by Harvey Young.

Francis J. Thompson, Thompson's marine water color paintings.

Helene Brown Jones of Denver and her sister, Grace Brown, several pieces of china and an old mahogany sewing table.

Carl W. Henry, nephew, arm cabinet chair and photograph, "La Vieille Au Meres."

Cyrus W. Williams, large colored photograph of St. Marks, Venice.

Charles Thurlow, porcelain picture, framed photographs of Mr. Hutton's "Amble" and of "Las Animas Canon."

Ellie Henry, niece, six teaspoons.

W. G. Henry, brother, \$2,500.

Lida M. Henry, sister-in-law, \$2,500.

Mrs. Doris Marsh Summers, Washington, D. C., \$500.

Lida Henry, Quincy, Ill., cousin, \$500.

Mrs. Martha R. Malibay, Pueblo, \$1,000. In case of her death to be divided between her daughters, Julia and Grace Malibay Whitehouse.

A. G. Hodgkiss, Colorado Springs, \$8,000 in recognition of continued kindness and service.

Ellie Carl Williams, Mary, Francis, Lida May, Annie, Francis Joseph and William Charles, children of brother, \$25,000, each to receive \$5,000 in trust until age of 25, when one-half of principal is to be paid, balance at age of 30.

George Jefferson Williams, Hamilton, Ontario; Cyrus Wood, Ill. Williams.

(Continued From Page One.)

mean the record of psychic history for his country.

"I bring this knowledge to the United States," the minister said, sadly, "for it is not only Belgium that has to mourn. This thing concerns the whole world."

The loss of the old church of St. Pierre was mentioned and also the destruction of the "Jewel of Gothic art," the Hotel de Ville. In conclusion, the message ran as follows:

"Americans, many of whom have followed courses at this illustrious altar and have there received sacred cordial hospitality, cannot remain insensible to this outrage on the rights of humanity and civilization, which is unprecedented in history."

New York city, Herbert Hale Williams, Toronto, Ontario, brother of Mr. Williams, \$5,000 each.

Miss Ella Ann Williams, Emma C. Williams and Marilla M. Adams, all of Staten Island, N. Y., sisters of Mr. Williams, \$10,000 each.

William C. Henry, brother, and wife, \$20,000 in trust.

Mrs. Sarah C. Bowman, Carmel, Cal., \$20 a month.

Ellie Henry and A. G. Hodgkiss, personal effects, such as jewelry, furniture, etc.

Old Ladies Home, Denver, \$10,000 for endowment fund to be known as "Mary Henry Williams Fund."

Home for friendless girls in Colorado Springs, all the residue of the estate.

The clause providing for the establishment of the home for girls follows:

"All the real, personal and remainder of my estate of every kind or nature I hereby devise and bequeath to Francis J. Thompson, A. G. Hodgkiss and the rector of St. Stephens church for the establishment of a fund to be used in the erection and maintenance of a nonsectarian home for homeless and friendless girls and they are in safety earning their own living. This home to be called 'The Williams Home' and to be situated in Colorado Springs and to be managed by the above named gentlemen or some efficient person whom they mutually appoint. Should this fund not reach \$50,000 then the bequest to the Old Ladies Home shall be null and void."

"In the event of my estate not being sufficient to satisfy the above named bequests, then the bequest of \$20,000 put in trust for the benefit of my brother, William C. Henry, and his wife, Mrs. Lida M. Henry, shall be paid in full and all the other bequests shall be decreased in proportion to the several amounts."

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Vorhes
Round Ticket Stockings
Start the children to school right this fall by buying

Round Ticket Hose.
4-thread heels and toes, made in black and tan, light, medium and heavy weights.

25c
EASY TICKET STOCKING
TO PUT ON
Hard
TO WEAR OUT
FOR BOYS & GIRLS
PRICE 25c

These round ticket hose are guaranteed to wear.

Hickory Days
Saturday and Monday are hickory days at Vorhes. We give a school tablet FREE with every pair of children's hickory hose supporters.

WAR BULLETINS

PARIS, Aug. 29 (Saturday).—Adv. Andre Millerand, war minister in the new cabinet, has assumed his duties with great vigor. One of his first acts was to go direct to the headquarters of General Joffre, commander-in-chief of the French forces, where he had a long conference on the military situation. The minister returned well satisfied.

LONDON, Aug. 29 (Saturday).—The director of police at Paris has prohibited the publication of all special editions of newspapers according to a dispatch from the French capital to the Reuters telegraph company. The Journal will be

Personality

after all is largely a matter of being and feeling well dressed. And it's the man who is habitually well dressed who most appreciates the fact.

"D. & F. Clothes"

are the Pikea Peak of style—and a favorite with men of personality, because they have a personality themselves.

\$15 or \$20

See the New Toggery for Fall.

New Hats
New Caps

THE D. & F.
23 North Tejon Street

August Clearance Sale

The Emporium

Saturday and Monday are the Last Two Days to take advantage of these great savings.

Soaps & Cleaners
—White Russian Soap, at 3 for 10c
—Lenox Soap, special, 3 for 10c
—10c Quart bottle Bluing, sale 7c
—5c White Cap Powder, special 1c
—Mechanics' 5c Pumper Soap 2 for 5c
—5c Bars of Toilet Soap 3 for 10c
—Fels Naptha Soap, per bar 5c
—Star Ammonia Powder, special 4c

Gray Enamel
2-quart COFFEE POTS
Sale price 15c

Lanterns
40c No. 1 Lanterns 42c
65c No. 1 Lanterns 53c
\$1.25 No. 2 Lanterns 92c
Roller Skate Special
Sidewalk Roller Skates, in same sizes, special, 39c

Stationery Bargains
—White Crepe Napkins, 100 for 9c
—Decorated Crepe Napkins, dozen 4c
—10 ft. rolls Crepe Paper, special 4c
—10-yard rolls Shelf Paper 4c
—36-ft. rolls Waxed Paper 4c
—A lot of 5c Pen Tablets 3c
—A lot of 10c Pen Tablets 7c

A good 5c roll of Toilet Paper
Sale price 6 for 25c

A lot of 10c T. M. French Shoe Polish, boxes damaged in shipment, sale price 2 boxes for 5c

Clearance Sale of Baskets

—A very large variety of Baskets in these lots all at big reductions.
—Babies' 75c Baskets, sale price 59c
—Babies' \$1 Baskets, sale price 69c
—Babies' \$1.25 Baskets, sale price 89c
—Babies' \$1.50 Baskets, sale price \$1.19
—Babies' \$1.75 Baskets, sale price \$1.39
—45c Fancy Fruit Baskets, sale price 29c
—50c Fancy Fruit Baskets, sale price 36c
Telescoping Baskets handy to have about the house for they are useful in a multitude of ways regular 65c to \$1.50 values. Sale price 49c

CALIFORNIA LABOR RIOTS SUBJECT OF GOVERNMENT PROBE

Both Sides of Hop Field Trouble Related to the Investigators

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 28.—The activities of a national detective agency in the Wheatland hop workers riots of a year ago, which resulted in four deaths, were under the scrutiny of the federal industrial relations committee today. Some of the salient features developed were:

District Attorney Stanwood of Yuba county employed the detectives who that some of them were made deputies, sheriffs and advised them generally regarding their operations.

A large number of men were arrested in different parts of the state and elsewhere on "John Doe" warrants, charging murder and conspiracy, and held for long periods without being arraigned or being permitted to communicate with their friends.

Attacked by Detective.

Alfred Nelson, under arrest as a suspect was attacked by R. R. Cradlebaugh, a detective, who was "awaiting" the prisoner. Later due to the activities of District Attorney A. R. McKenzie of Contra Costa county Cradlebaugh was fined \$1,000 and sentenced to a year in jail. Nelson was transferred from one coast city to another for a week after his arrest in order to keep him in hiding before he finally was jailed in Martinez. Eventually he was released.

Fred Suhr who with Richard Ford is under sentence for second degree murder in connection with the four slayings which took place during the riots, was under arrest for weeks before he was permitted to see counsel. One night while he was in jail at Fresno on his way to San Francisco he was placed in a cell with a private detective who interrogated him at length while other operatives in an adjoining bathroom took down the conversation by means of a telephonic device.

Man Goes Insane.

Allan Johnson, a suspect, went insane after his release from jail and was committed to a hospital. Another suspect, committed suicide. Nelson had not been arrested by the private detectives.

W. A. Mundell who was manager of the San Francisco branch of the agency, clashed with Chairman Walsh of the commission when he declared he would "not believe on oath" District Attorney McKenzie, who had testified regarding the assault on Alfred Nelson.

"That remark will be stricken from the record," Mr. Walsh said warmly. "You will please confine yourself to the facts."

Mundell admitted that Cradlebaugh had assaulted Nelson but the witness insisted Nelson was trying to escape. Mundell said Nelson had a cut about an inch long on his forehead and one bruise. McKenzie declared the cut was about four inches long and that his bruises were numerous. He also said it was his information that during the "awaiting" process Nelson was threatened with a revolver.

Denies Riots Due to Agitator.

Suhr and Ford were convicted on the charge that their agitation caused the riots. Another lawyer, one of the attorneys who defended them, took exception to this allegation.

The movement at the burst ranch where the trouble took place was spontaneous and not due to agitators, he testified. It was a universal protest against conditions such as lack of drinking water in the fields and toilet facilities.

The hop pickers did not assemble until the Thursday before the Saturday when the protest meeting was held. Twenty-seven languages were spoken among the workers, so it is obvious that it would have been impossible for a few Americans to have started the movement.

According to Lewis local Japanese newspapers during the last three months have been carrying appeals to their readers to remain away from the hop fields until conditions are improved and Ford and Suhr are released from jail. Their cases now are up on appeal.

AUSTRIA'S ACTION PUZZLES JAPAN

TOKYO, Aug. 28.—The attitude of Austria during the conversation regarding the Austrian cruiser Kaiserin Elizabeth is said to have puzzled the Japanese foreign office considerably. It appears that a few days ago the Austrian government ordered its ambassador in Tokyo Baron Muller De Szentotoky to approach Baron Kato, Japanese minister of foreign relations and request his consent that the Kaiserin Elizabeth be allowed to proceed to Shanghai and there be interned. Baron Kato agreed to this and the British ambassador, through Baron Kato, also signified his willingness on the following day.

The Austrian ambassador later visited Baron Kato and announced that the Kaiserin Elizabeth had been dispatched to Tsing-Tau and that the crew had proceeded to Tsin-Tsing. The following day Baron Muller De Szentotoky demanded his passport, saying this did not mean war but a severance of diplomatic relations.

Underwear and Sox

for Men and Boys at

The Leader

108 E. Couch-ras.

BELGIANS CHARGE GERMANS ATTACKED WOMEN AND GIRLS

Allege Kaiser's Troops Committed Many Barbarities and Atrocities

ANTWERP, Aug. 28.—The government of Belgium desires to place the following facts before the American people. The facts are furnished by the foreign minister, who hopes the American people will be aroused not by rumors, but by facts which have been authenticated by a commission of inquiry.

Charge 1.—On August 12, after the battle of Haelen, the German infantry shot Mlle. Van Damme through the mouth. He lay wounded. Twenty-seven bullets were found in his head.

Charge 2.—At Orsmael on August 3 the Germans picked up Major Knappen, seriously wounded, stood him against a tree, and shot him, after ward hacking his body to pieces with their swords.

Doctors and Nurses Fired On.

Charge 3.—During the engagements at Hologhesse, Barchoen, Pontisse and Zelk the German troops repeatedly fired on doctors, nurses, stretchers, and ambulances, although they were working under the Red Cross.

Charge 4.—At Boncelles the German troops marched to the attack bearing a Belgian flag.

Charge 5.—On August 8, at Votten and before Lange the Germans on several occasions fired on parties displaying the white flag.

Charge 6.—At Veim on August 10, the Germans entered the residence of Mr. De Glimme Gevers while the household was asleep, destroyed the furniture and stole valuables. Then they set fire to the barn, destroying crops and farm implements, and killed the cattle. They stripped Mme. De Gevers naked and carried her several miles from the house. Afterwards they told her to run and fired on her without killing her. Then they took the husband and shot him.

Old Man Resisted to Death.

Charge 7.—At Orsmael and Neerhespen on August 10 and 12, an aged villager was attacked by Germans. The feeble old man was then hung by the feet over a saw fire and roasted to death. In the same village numbers of young girls and children were attacked by Germans and several villagers were mutilated.

Charge 8.—During the battle of Aerchot on August 19 the Germans, to protect themselves from the fire of the Belgians, covered their advance by forcing four Belgian women, each carrying a baby in her arms and accompanied by small children to march ahead. The Belgians withheld their fire, but when the Germans gained the position they wanted they opened fire on the women with a rapid fire gun, wounding one. This is vouched for by the oath of Georges Gilson, commandant of the Ninth regiment of the line.

Loading Citizens Shot.

Charge 9.—A statement made under oath by the surviving municipal officials of Aerchot shows that the Germans entered the town and sacked it without the slightest resistance on the part of the inhabitants who had remained indoors. The Germans burst open doors and ordered the inhabitants out of their houses. In one street alone the first six men to appear on the thresholds were shot in the presence of their wives and children. On the following day the troops returned and compelled all the inhabitants to leave their homes. They conducted them a short distance from town and there shot the leading citizens, including the burgo-master, his son, a boy 15 years old, and 10 others. Then they compelled the other inhabitants to hold up their hands and march out of the town to which they set fire.

Young Girls Publicly Outraged.

Charge 10.—After the taking of Aerchot two young girls of good family were stripped naked in the public square and were repeatedly attacked by German soldiers in the presence of their officers.

The deepest indignation and resentment is aroused by a dispatch from the Belgian legation at Washington announcing that the German embassy is attempting to palliate the excesses committed by the Germans, saying that they were enraged by the mistreatment of Germans in Antwerp.

Consul General Diederich assured the minister of foreign affairs that not a single German had been maltreated at Antwerp and that the only possible cause for complaint was the lack of German saloons by a mob. The Belgian government says that it looks to the United States to insist that the struggle be henceforth conducted in accordance with the usages of humanity and civilization.

First Canadian Regiment Sails for Europe Today

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 28.—The Princess Patricia Light Infantry, the first brigade of the expeditionary field artillery, with 18 guns left here today for Montreal and will sail tomorrow.

The regiment was raised by R. B. Bennett, a member of the Canadian parliament and Hamilton Gault, a Montreal millionaire. It is commanded by Colonel Parquhar, an officer of the Cold Stream Guard in Hamilton Gault has a captain's commission, while his wife goes under the Red Cross badge.

Of the 1,100, a thousand wear medals for previous service in South Africa, the Philippines and Cuba. About 800 of the regiment are adventurers fresh from Mexico. Jack Munro, who won fame through gaining a decision over Jim Jeffries, is a private in the regiment. The regiment is held by military authorities to be one of the most efficient every assembled.

GERMANS HAMMERING AT LAST BARRIER THAT STANDS BETWEEN THEM AND PARIS

(Continued From Page One.)
all, there is cause for unflagging energy in military preparation; but there is no cause for despair or even despondency. Time is with us and against our enemies.

On the eastern battlefield the war news continues favorable to the allies. The Russians continue to advance in East Prussia and Poland, neither German nor the Austrian forces apparently being able to withstand them.

TSING-TAU ATTACKED BY THE JAPANESE

The German fort at Tsing-Tau were fired upon by two Japanese cruisers reconnoitering off the fortress. One of the cruisers is said to have been damaged.

Louvain, a Belgian town of 50,000 inhabitants, and with many historic buildings, is reported to have been burned by the Germans as an act of reprisal, alleging Belgian citizens fired on German soldiers.

GERMANS KILLED OWN MEN, CHARGE

The Belgians claim, however, the people of Louvain did not commit the hostile act charged, but that it was the Germans themselves who fired on their fellow countrymen.

Because of the nonpayment of a war levy of \$40,000,000 the Germans, it is said, threaten to seize the famous pictures and objects of art in the museums of Brussels.

Advises from Chinese coastal cities report the sinking of the German torpedo boat destroyer S-90, by the British torpedo boat destroyer Weiland, and the seizure by the allies of various German merchantmen as prizes.

ATLANTIC SHIPPING NOW ALMOST AT A STANDSTILL

Census of Steamships at New York Shows 125 Are Inactive; 1,600 Ships Arrive Today

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.—Shipping today felt the effects of the European war to an unusual degree. No transatlantic liner sailed and none arrived.

Heading for New York are two White Star liners, the Adriatic and the Olympic, two of the American line, the New York and the St. Paul and the Minneapolis of the Atlantic transport line. The Adriatic and the Olympic are due tomorrow with nearly 3,800 passengers, and the St. Paul is expected Sunday with 950.

A census of steamships in this port today showed their number to be 181 of which 125 were with a total tonnage of nearly 421,000. The ships are idle because of the conflict abroad. Of the vessels inactive, 34 are German and Austrian. The others a majority of them flying the British flag are planning to resume service within the next few weeks.

AVIATORS PLAYING PROMINENT PART IN BATTLE OF NATIONS

PARIS, Aug. 28.—The value of aeroplanes in scouting work is a subject of discussion among technical observers.

"Our military aviators are rendering invaluable services," the Temps says, quoting an authority on aviation whose name is omitted for military reasons. The paper continues:

"Our aerial forces are infinitely superior to those of Germany. Besides, some hundreds of military aviators are in the service. Brindejonc des Mouillats, Roland-Garron, Eugene Gilbert and other aviators are 'all at the front.' Vedrines has just completed a raid with an apparatus of extraordinary power. Something more will be heard of this later.

"The experience of our air people shows that an aeroplane is safe from bullets when 1,000 yards high, and at 2,000 yards an aviator still can observe accurately with the naked eye. As our fliers can guide a machine with one hand and use glasses with the other, the masses of the enemy cannot escape observation.

"The most difficult thing is to determine commands by disintegrating among the uniforms. One danger to the French aviators is from our own soldiers, who have not learned to distinguish our aeroplanes from those of the enemy. I would suggest that we do not fire on aircraft at all unless sure of their identity."

The Journal de l'Annee-et-Loire at Angiers publishes a letter from one of the French frontier fortresses, in which the writer complains of the loneliness of the life there. It would seem that the only sport of the garrison is to watch for German aeroplanes and fire upon them. Three German aeroplanes are said to have been brought down while the aviators were throwing bombs.

Chicago Footpads Get \$6,104 in a Series of Holdups

CHICAGO, Aug. 28. A bank messenger, a postmaster and a collector were robbed today on the west side of a total of \$6,104.

Frank H. Vogel, messenger for the Ashland Twelfth Street state bank, was found on an elevated railway platform where he said two men, stunned him and took a satchel containing currency and checks to the amount of \$4,312. P. C. Nelson, postmaster for the Vulcanite Roofing company, was attacked by two men who took the company's payroll amounting to \$1,792.

Four men in an automobile stopped Fred Glorich, collector of a newspaper, and at the point of a revolver forced him to give up a satchel containing \$388. His cries for help frightened the chauffeur, who drove off without the satchel and fled.

Peter Jacobson, section foreman was robbed of \$1,600 in negotiable paper by a pickpocket.

Switzerland now makes 52 hours a legal working week.

Wildflower EXCURSION

\$100 EVERY DAY

Last Trip OF THE SEASON Tomorrow

Train at 9 a. m. Home 5 p. m.

115 MILE SCENIC TRIP

You Can't afford to miss it.

Boys' Suits
for hard wear—

We Feel Satisfied
that we have the strongest
line of Boys' Suits for
hard wear and good ap-
pearance this season that
the market affords—

For \$5.00
we can show you suits
with extra trousers that
are wonderful values

If You Will Look
at these and have the boys
try them on you'll agree
with us that they are un-
usual

Perkins-Shearer Co.

Special

Assortment of enamel ware
slightly damaged; values up to
\$3.00.

**YOUR CHOICE,
50c**

Dickinson Hardware Co.
Phone M. 465. 107 N. Tejon St.

SPECIALIST IN VICTROLAS
Come in and learn what a
specialist in Victrolas can do
for the music in your home.

Willet R. Willis
Salesroom for Victrolas. 22 E. Kiowa St.

**TODAY IS THE
DAY**

You Can Get 25c Cotton
and Button Ready
for 10c

W. W. A. H. Are
Diagnosed Rapidly

**Director E. E. Murphy of the Modern
Woodmen returned to Colorado Springs
yesterday from Topeka, Kan., where he
attended a meeting of the state central
committee of the Democratic party.**

Murphy states that plans for the new
hospital at the Woodmen home are
progressing rapidly. Actual construc-
tion work probably will not begin until
the first of the year. Superintendent J.
A. Rutledge and the directors wishing
to inspect other modern hospitals be-
fore deciding finally on the plan.

The Plaza hotel, the place that is
always warm and comfortable, makes
the lowest winter rates of any first-
class hotel in the city. Make your
reservations early.

**THE MOST WONDERFUL SIGN-
ALING IN AMERICA**

Over the famous "Cripple Creek
Short Line" Round trip, \$3.00 daily.
Train leaves 10:35 a. m.

**THIRTEEN THOUSAND MADE
WILDFLOWER EXCURSIONS**

The total number of tourists who
have taken the wildflower trip this
season over the Colorado Midland rail-
road is 13,267 and it is expected that
the 14,000 mark will be reached Sun-
day when the last excursion of the
summer will be run. The largest daily
average for three days has been more
than 400, and the record day was 800
persons.

**Relieving a Severe
Form of Eczema**

How to Stop This Aerial Night
Eczema



If You Feel Like a Pin D. S. S.
If you will get it firmly fixed in your
mind that all forms of skin disease are
a combination of nerve disorder and faulty
nutrition, you are then understanding what
D. S. S. is the famous blood purifier over-
comes such troubles.

Just as soon as D. S. S. enters the blood
it rushes through the entire system, and
in an average of three minutes. And
as the skin is an outlet for the greater
proportion of impurities in the blood, the
action of D. S. S. is such that these im-
purities are converted into a substance
that is readily expelled. Thus, instead
of gathering on the surface to cause
itching, eczema, salt rheum, tetter and
other skin diseases they pass off as
sweat or perspiration, the pores are left
clear, the nerves regain control and it is
impossible for any disease to either
gain or retain a foothold.

Books are brought out in a
slightly interesting book "What the
Mirror Tells," a copy of which is mailed
free by The S. S. S. Co. 105 South
Main, Atlanta, Ga. Get a bottle of D. S. S.
today. Insist upon D. S. S. avoid sub-
stitutes.

PARTY ORGANIZATIONS AWAITING PRIMARY RESULTS BEFORE OPENING FALL CAMPAIGN

**Candidates Now Fighting Own Battle; State
May Have to Furnish Own Spellbinders**

More than ever as the time for the
active campaign draws near, is the
effect of the primaries being shown
on the various political parties. With
hardly an exception in any branch of
activity, the organizations find them-
selves unable to do any strong work,
either in organization or preliminary
campaigning.

The headless "ballot" also is making
itself felt, bringing as it does a great
uncertainty into the final result. With
the headless ballot a strong organiza-
tion undoubtedly will be helpful, but
by no means decisive. Whereas before
the parties could be certain of the
straight vote of at least a portion of
the rank and file, under the present
system of balloting the voter must
check on each name separately, and
undoubtedly will exercise some choice
in the matter.

Waiting for Primaries.
"Especially the primaries have
worked a wonderful change in the
various organizations," says Clarence
P. Dodge, state chairman of the Pro-
gressive party, who has just returned
from Denver, where he held several
informal conferences with political
leaders. "Formerly August was a
month of great activity; now it is one
of inactivity. The watchword is 'Wait
until after the primaries.' At present
the organizations are standing by
watching the candidates fight it out
among themselves."

Clean Campaign Predicted.
There seems to be a general dispo-
sition among all the candidates to make
the campaign as clean as possible by

eliminating personalities. The issue
this year are strong and have been
strongly brought out. The candidates
are practically agreed that the fight
should be made on the issues and not
by personal abuse.

In the Progressive party, E. P. Con-
stigan, candidate for governor, and Mrs.
Agnes Riddle, candidate for secretary
of state, are on a 10-day speaking tour
on the western slope. They were met
several days ago by Ben Griffith and
Merle D. Vincent, who are now with
them. They will speak in Pueblo Mon-
day night, going from there to Fort
Morgan.

Democratic and Republican candi-
dates also are out, though their fights
are now for the most part among them-
selves.

There is a well-founded rumor that
several deals are being made by the
three Republican candidates for gov-
ernor with other candidates through-
out the state in the matter of ex-
change of support. Such action can-
not be created an intensely bitter feel-
ing after the primaries.

Republican Situation Clearing.
It is said in political circles in Den-
ver that Sam Nicholson, candidate for
governor, Mr. Hubert Work, for United
States senator, and L. C. Greenlee,
for treasurer, have the backing of the
Republican organization. This being
the case, the result of the fight in the
Republican party for these three nomi-
nations seems to be somewhat clar-
ified.

Fearing the activity of Barnes Na-
pierre, Senator Patterson has rushed
back to Denver from Grand Lake,
where he was spending the summer.
Patterson had not intended to take
part in the campaign until after the
primaries, as it seems that his assur-
ances of success are not so great, after
all.

Goudy and Carlson are busy, and
each is wishing the other would with-
draw. However, both will fight to the
last. Each has considerable strength
in different parts of the state and their
fight will divide the Republican vote
to some extent. If it is true that Nich-
olson has the organization backing,
however, all their trouble will be for
nothing.

950 HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS FIRST TERM, IS EXPECTATION OF PRINCIPAL R. C. HILL

**Everything Being Made Ready for Opening of
City Schools Tuesday Morning, Sept. 1**

Classes in the high school are fill-
ing up rapidly and nine-tenths of the
students for the fall term will be en-
rolled by this evening, according to
Principal Roscoe C. Hill, who has been
besieged in his office for the last week
by parents and prospective scholars.
"About 950 students will register for
the first term," he said, "and next
semester we will have 150 more. By
the end of the year there will be a
probable daily attendance of 1,000." To-
day and Monday are the last days for
registration and seniors and juniors
have only a short time left for enroll-
ment.

A new schedule system is being tried
at the high school this year and stu-
dents may choose their own hours and
teachers. The classes are closed to
selection as soon as a certain number
have entered. The new manual train-
ing equipment has arrived and 15 new
benches with lathe and forge have
been set up in the work rooms.

The teachers are all back with the
exception of two, M. J. Sweetney and
F. C. Onstott, said the principal. Miss

Gertrude Wiley, teacher of mathe-
matics, has returned from abroad and
Miss Belle Turnbull of the English de-
partment arrived yesterday from Cali-
fornia. Teachers have been assigned
to their various departments as fol-
lows:

Latin department—Edna Jacques,
Adna Desmet and Mabel Schreiner.
Mathematical department—Adelaide
Dennis, Mabel Bateman, Gertrude Wil-
ley, Mary Strachan and R. M. Grindie.
English department—H. A. Nye, Mar-
gery Deering, Harmony Woodworth,
Ruth Woodsmall, Belle Turnbull, Frank
Moore and Miss Weaver.
Languages department—
Emma Reinhardt and Frances Ficken.
Scientific department—F. W. Mun-
son, F. A. Keyes, Lloyd Shaw and Car-
lton Alvord.
Commercial department—Ada Collins,
F. C. Onstott and Jean Raber.
Art department—Susan Leaning and
Mary Lippard.
Manual training department—F. N.
Lansbridge.

In preparation for the opening of the
public schools Tuesday all teachers are
required to register in the office of the
board of education today. There will
be teachers' meeting in the high
school auditorium Monday morning at
9:30 o'clock. A meeting of the prin-
ciples will be held in the office of the
superintendent Monday morning at 11
o'clock. Wednesday morning at 10
o'clock there will be a supervisors' and
general teachers' meeting at the super-
intendent's office.

**ST. MARYS SCHOOL TO
OPEN NEXT TUESDAY**

St. Marys school will open for the
regular winter term next Tuesday
morning at 9 o'clock. The enrollment
this year probably will exceed 400, ac-
cording to the authorities. Last year
350 students attended the institution.

DIRT DISTRESS

**It Is Near at Hand to Hundreds of
Colorado Springs Readers**
Don't neglect an aching back.
Backache is often the kidneys' cry
for help.

Neglect hurrying to the kidneys' aid.
Means that urinary troubles may
follow.

Or danger of worse kidney trouble.
Here's Colorado Springs testimony:
J. W. Goodspeed, 807 N. Spruce St.,
Colorado Springs, Colo., says: "I was
troubled by pain and lameness in my
back, caused by disordered kidneys. I
was bothered during the day and night
to quite an extent after I returned
from work. Doan's Kidney Pills put
me in good shape and I have been a
strong advocate for them ever since. I
am just as enthusiastic in my praise
of them now as when I publicly recom-
mended them several years ago. I have
used them off and on since, and I can
say that they are good for aged people.
I am over eighty-two, but my com-
plaints were all cured by Doan's Kid-
ney Pills years ago."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50
cents. Foster-McBarn Co., Buffalo,
New York, sole agents for the United
States.
Remember the name—Doan's—
and take no other.

JOHN R. LOVE TO IMPROVE CASCADE AVENUE PROPERTY

**Real Estate Men Finding Business
Lively: Several Deals Made in
Last Few Days**

One of the most attractive homes in
Colorado Springs will be owned by
John R. Love of Indianapolis, when the
extensive alterations and improve-
ments which he is making to the prop-
erty at 730 North Cascade avenue are
finished. This property was bought
recently by Mr. Love from the E.
Gwynne estate, through the real-estate
firm of Wills, Spackman & Kent, and
comprises a house and half a block of
ground. He will make extensive al-
terations in the house and outbuild-
ings, and the ground will be platted
by a landscape gardener. Mr. Love is
here for his son's health, and this
summer has been occupying the resi-
dence of Dr. H. W. Hogland.

Mrs. Mary Older has bought the lot
on the southeast corner of Tejon and
Madison streets, owned by the Curran
Bill Building company. The lot is 100
by 190 feet. The sale was made by
Wills, Spackman & Kent. Cecil R.
Lyon has purchased the lot on the
southeast corner of Wood avenue and
Columbia streets. This property was
owned by the Colorado Springs com-
pany and is 90 by 140 feet. The sale
was made through Wills, Spackman &
Kent.

WILL SHOW SETTLERS WHAT IS RAISED IN THE COUNTY

**Agricultural Exhibit Will Be Held in
Court House Next Week; Later
Exhibits Will Go to State Fair**

Colorado Springs will have a big
agricultural exhibition next week for
the benefit of the people attending the
state land sale, and products from the
Arkansas and San Luis valleys, the
western slope and the dry farm lands
in the eastern part of the state will be
on exhibition at the horticultural
rooms in the court house. Three rooms
will be filled with farm produce in
order that prospective settlers may
see what El Paso county land has
to raise. Several carloads are on their
way to Colorado Springs now, and
Thursday will see grain, vegetables,
dairy products and other produce ready
for exhibition.

E. R. Stark is at the head of a com-
mittee on arrangements and is backed
in the undertaking by county com-
missioners Van E. Rouse, R. A. Banta
and W. T. Kennedy. The exhibits are
those which will be shown at the
county and state fairs. They will be
sent here first for the agricultural fair.
"We want El Paso county settlers to
see what we can raise in Colorado,"
said Stark, "and they will be shown
farm produce from every part of the
state."

A similar fair will be held at Edmon-
dson during the sale of Elbert county
land.

The auction of state lands in El
Paso county will be held next Thurs-
day afternoon at 2 o'clock at the west
door of the court house, according to
an official statement issued yesterday
by C. E. Daniels, who is in charge of
the local office of the land board.
"There is no telling how long it will
last," he said, "it may be all over in
two or three days, or it may take two
or three weeks."

There are 17,000 acres of land to be
auctioned off here. In charge of the
sale will be State Registrar V. T. Hock-
port, Prof. H. M. Gottrell, agricultural
commissioner for the Rock Island
railroad, John Field, state engineer,
Fred Farrar, attorney general, and C.
E. Daniels, immigration agent for the
Rock Island.

**"STAY-AT-HOME" SUFFERERS OF
HAY FEVER AND ASTHMA—
GET A BOTTLE OF
FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
COMPOUND!**

Restful sleep, relief and comfort from
coughing, gasping asthma and torment-
ing hay fever for those who take Fo-
ley's Honey and Tar. And besides,
it cures all healing, soothing, cooling
as it glides down a raw, tickling
throat, stops irritating coughs and
summer colds. Don't suffer when you
can buy relief for so little cost. Re-
member the name—Foley's Honey and
Tar Compound—and refuse subor-
dinate. Robinson Drug Co. Adv.

Societies and Clubs

All members of Pike's Peak camp No.
5, W. O. W., are requested to meet at
W. O. W. hall, 3 East Bijou street, to-
morrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock to at-
tend the funeral services of H. C.
Clay. All team boys are requested to
appear in full uniform with ax and
white gloves. The services will be
held from the First Baptist church at
3 o'clock Sunday.

Not Kisses

that will tickle your pal-
ate, made from fresh
nuts, pure sugar and ma-
ple flavor.

SPECIAL FOR TODAY,

20c
pound.

DEHN'S
Makers of Fine Candies
26 S. TEJON PHONE 575

SCHOOL SHOES

We Are Ready!

to place a stylish, comfortable and dependable School Shoe on the foot of every little
tot, every school-going Lad and Lassie, every college-going Young Man and Woman
in Colorado Springs, Colorado City and Manitou.

We offer you a large assortment of the proper styles to choose from, and we are
positive that "Deal's" School Shoe, Qualities and "Deal's" Moderate School Shoe
Prices cannot be surpassed by any other shoe house in this broad land.

Rather a broad assertion but it shows the confidence we have in our school shoes
—a confidence which we know is shared by the thousands of parents who will profit by
buying their children's school shoes here.

Boys' Shoes	Girls' Shoes
In gun metal calf, box calf, patent rolt and stomach calf.	In gun metal calf, dongola kid and patent calfs.
Sizes 9 to 13½ at \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 to \$2.50	Sizes 5 to 8, at \$1.25, \$1.50 to \$2.00
Sizes 13½ to 2 at \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50 to \$3.00	Sizes 8½ to 11 at \$1.50, \$1.75 to \$2.25
Sizes 2½ to 5½ at \$2.00, \$2.35, \$2.50 to \$3.50	Sizes 11½ to 2 at \$1.75, \$2.00 to \$3.00
	Sizes 2½ to 6, big girls, \$2.25 to \$3.50

School Shoes that make good or we do.

A FIT FOR EVERY FOOT
IT PAYS TO DEAL AT DEAL'S
107 SOUTH TEJON STREET

School Shoes that wear. It pays to Deal at Deal's.

Flow Increases in Drainage Tunnel

The flow of water from the Roose-
velt deep drainage tunnel in the Crip-
ple Creek district has increased from
7,300 to 10,000 gallons per minute since
August 1, according to reports of En-
gineer E. P. Arthur. Several large
water courses have been cut during
the last 30 days, accounting for the
large increase in the flow.

The work of extending the tunnel
is progressing rapidly. Two shifts are
now at work and timbermen are patch-
ing up the dangerous ground to pre-
vent cave-ins.

Deaths and Funerals

CHARLES DICKENS DIES

Charles Dickens, of Manitou, a pio-
neer in the curio business in this
region, died at a sanatorium in Pueblo
at 6 o'clock yesterday morning. He
had been ill for a long time, and his
death resulted partly from a nervous
breakdown he suffered several months
ago, and partly from kidney trouble
and hardening of the arteries. Dickens
was 53 years old. He is survived by
his wife, Mrs. Carrie J. Dickens of
Manitou; a daughter, Mrs. Ann Dick-
ens, Clifford of Manitou; three sons,
Charles, Jr. and Harry, both of Mani-
tou, and Oscar of Toronto, Canada, and
by two brothers, Samuel Dickens of
Colorado Springs and O. W. Dickens
of Austin, Tex. The body was brought
to this city late yesterday afternoon,
and is being held at the Hallett &
Baker undertaking rooms. The funeral
services will be under the auspices of
Colorado Springs lodge No. 206, R. F. O.
E. and will be held at the Elks
home at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow after-
noon. Interment in Evergreen ceme-
tery.

Funeral services for John L. Judd,
who died Wednesday at Palmer Lake,
were held yesterday afternoon. The
body was then brought to this city and
placed in the receiving vault at Ever-
green cemetery. It will be taken east
for burial later.

The funeral of Albert Xanton Helmer
was held at 3 o'clock yesterday morn-
ing from St. Marys church. Helmer
died Wednesday at St. Marys hospital
in Pueblo.

The 2-months-old child of Mr. and
Mrs. John A. Ward, 417 Jefferson av-
enue, Colorado City, died Thursday
night at a local hospital. The funeral
will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon
from the home, and the body will be
buried in Fairview cemetery.

The funeral of Helen C. Clay, killed
Thursday afternoon when his wagon
overturned in a runaway, will be held
at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon from
the First Baptist church. The services
will be under the direction of the
Jr. O. U. A. M. Members of camp No.
5, W. O. W., are asked to attend.

Mrs. Delphine Eliza Gillingham, 64
years old, widow of the late Charles
L. Gillingham, died at 10 o'clock yes-
terday morning at her home, 353 East
Van Vleet street. The funeral will be
held at 3:30 o'clock tomorrow after-
noon from the Fairley undertaking
rooms, the Rev. J. S. Wilson officiat-
ing, and the body will be buried in
Evergreen cemetery. Friends are in-
vited to the funeral services, but in-
terment will be private. Right away

Auction Sale TODAY Japanese Fine Arts and Oriental Rugs

The entire stock of the Japan Art Co. will be sold
to the highest bidder regardless of cost or value. We
must meet our obligations and in order to do so we must
dispose of our entire stock at once.

Sales Daily—10:30 a. m.—2:30 p. m.—7:30 p. m.

Japan Art Co.
27 E. PIKES PEAK AVE. BURNS BUILDING.

—Why Don't You Come
I CAN'T—I am Going to School at
Brown's Business College
109 N. TEJON ST.
Any Day of the Year you may Enroll at Browns

from 9 o'clock to noon. Funeral ar-
rangements will be announced later.

**KEEP YOUR LIVER ACTIVE DUR-
ING THE SUMMER MONTHS—FO-
LEY'S CATHARTIC TABLETS
FOR SLUGGISH LIVER
AND CONSTIPATION.**

It does not all how quickly Foley
Cathartic Tablets have your liver and
overcome constipation. See O'Leary,
Wimberley, Texas, says: "Foley Cat-
hartic Tablets are the best laxative I
ever used. They take the place of
calomel. Whole some, stirring and
cleansing. No gripping. A comfort to
stout persons, as they relieve that
full, bloated feeling." Robinson Drug
Co. Adv.

News of the Courts

Police Magistrate Manning yesterday
morning fined E. J. Morse \$5 and
costs for violating the automobile light
ordinance, but suspended the fine upon
payment of costs.

Justice Matlen yesterday found a
pistol guilty of disturbance and fined it
\$5 and costs. He suspended the fine
upon payment of costs.

John Sorce, whom the police ar-
rested as a pickpocket Thursday night,

CHICHESTER'S PILLS
For Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache, Stomach Pain, Constipation, etc.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

The Hemenway Grocery Co.

115 S. Tejon
1-01 N. WEBER

Meat Market Specials

Fresh Dressed Springs Ducks, pound	25c
Fresh Dressed Spring Chickens, pound	25c
Fresh Dressed Hens, per pound	20c
Genuine Lamb, hindquarters	1.65
Genuine Lamb, forequarters	1.50
Fresh Halibut Fish, per pound	15c
Fresh Columbia River Salmon, pound	20c
Fresh Pork Chops or Pork Roasts, pound	20c
English Cut Bacon (our own cured) pound	20c
Smoked Picnic Hams (our own cured) pound	20c
Fresh Beef Tongues, per pound	22c
Pickled Beef Tongues, per pound	22c
Fancy Rump Roasts Beef, pound, 15c to	18c
Spiced Raw Corned Beef, per pound	15c
For Chickens Green Ground Bone, 6 pounds	25c
Fresh Spare Ribs, per pound	15c
Fancy Shoulder Pot Roasts Beef, pound	15c
Fresh Ground Hamburg Steak, pound	15c
Fresh Plate Mutton Stew, pound	8c
Fresh Pork Kidneys, 5 for	10c

Specials in Fancy Fresh Fruits

Yellow and White Freestone Peaches, box	75c
Fancy Elberta Peaches, box, 75c to	85c
Fancy Bartlett Pears, 3 pounds, 75c; 45-pound box	\$2.00
Black Prince Sweet California Grapes, basket	50c
California Tokay Grapes, per basket	65c
Iowa Concord Grapes, basket	35c
20-pound crate Colorado Red Plums (dirt cheap)	75c
22-pound crate Transcendent Crabs	90c
One Liberal Basket Peaches	25c
Strawberry Eating Apples, 4 pounds	25c
Fancy Cooking Apples, 6 pounds	25c
Fancy Large Lemons, dozen	60c
Extra Fine California Val. Oranges, dozen, 20c to	45c
California Valencia Oranges, per box	\$3.90
Wealthy Apples (choice) box	\$1.25
Wealthy Apples (fancy) box	\$1.75
Extra Fine Ripe Bananas, dozen	30c

See Us for Choice Fresh Vegetables

Large California Head Lettuce, per head	10c
Fancy Home Grown Celery, stalk	5c
Fancy Home Grown Cucumbers, 2 for	5c
Extra Fine Green Lima Beans, 2 pounds	25c
Nice Green String Beans, 3 pounds	25c
Fresh Home Grown Peas, pound	12 1/2c
Nice Clean White Cauliflower, 4 pounds	25c
Big Fine Colorado Egg Plant, each	15c
Fine Big Mango Peppers, dozen	20c
White Pickling Onions, pound	10c
Fine Big Green Stewing Onions, bunch	10c
Small Green Table Onions, 3 bunches	5c
Sweet Ear Corn, dozen, 15c; 2 dozen	25c
California Sweet Potatoes, pound	5c
Rocky Ford Watermelons, pound	1 1/2c
Rocky Ford Cantaloupes, crate, 65c to	\$1.50
Summer Squash, per pound	2c
Fine Solid Cabbage, pound, 2c; by hundred weight	\$1.25
Loose Fresh Turnips, 15 pounds	25c
Dry Onions (new season) 8 pounds	25c

Prices Unaffected by War

Our immense stock enables us to continue selling at the old figures.	
Lipton's Yellow Label Tea, pound	85c
Tetley's and Ridgeway's Teas, pound	45c
C. & B. Pure Malt Vinegar, quarts	25c
L. & P. Worcestershire Sauce, 35c and	65c
C. & B. Scotch Kipperd Herring	25c
2-pound can White House Coffee	75c
2-pound can Morey's Solitaire Coffee	75c
5-pound can Van Houten's Cocoa	\$3.75
1 quart Jar Queen Olives	50c
7-pound box American Macaroni	50c
10-pound can B. L. Karo Syrup	50c
5-pound lots Imported English Walnuts	90c
10-gal Cabin Brand Cane and Maple, 1 gallon	\$1.35
5-pound caddy Basket Fired Jap Tea	\$2.75
Schilling's "Best" Tea (all varieties) pound	75c
Shredded Coconut (in bulk) pound	25c
English Cleaned Currants, 1-pound package	15c
French Roquefort Cheese, per pound	60c
Imported Swiss Cheese, per pound	40c
Dutch Edam Cheese (sold whole)	\$1.10
English Mustard (Colman's) 1-pound tin	65c
New York Full Cream Cheese, pound	25c
Bismarck Brick Cheese, per pound	30c
Persian Dates (in bulk) 2 pounds	25c
French Macaroni (Crown brand) 2 pounds	25c
Blank's Coffee Compound, pound tin	22c

Apples Apples Apples

Choice Wealthy Apples, per box	75c to \$1.00
Fancy Sweet Apples, per box	\$1.25
1/2 box Fancy Strawberry Apples	65c
Whitney Crabapples, per box	50c
Clapp's Favorite Pear, 45-lb. box	\$1.10
Fancy Half Box Bartlett Pears	75c
16 lb. box Burbank Plums	50c
4 basket crate Botan Plums	75c
5-lb. basket Botan Plums	20c
Fancy Champion Peaches, per box	75c
Carmen Peaches, per crate	50c
2 layer Unwrapped Peaches, per box	65c
Bananas, per dozen	10c, 15c, 20c and 25c
Cantaloupes, 15 to a crate	35c
Standard crates	50c, 1.50 and \$1.00
Fancy M. A. Grapes, 5-lb. basket	35c
Western Slope Potatoes, 15 lb. box for	25c
Per 100-lbs.	\$1.50

J. R. MARKS

23 E. Huertano. Phone M. 1604.

Minor Battle May Decide Future of the Nations

HISTORY RECAP'S NOW THE FRENCH LOSS
VICTORY TO THE GERMANS

From the Chicago Herald

Daily the world is awaiting word that the hour of the greatest battle in the history of the world has struck. Since the day of the German victory at Liege, militarists have predicted that it would take place some time during the present week.

But cables from Europe, while bringing reports of terrific minor conflicts, have been silent with regard to the outbreak of the great battle which is to decide the destiny of nations.

Predictions of the imminence of such a conflict are based solely on the premise that the entire opposing forces massed between Basle and Drest will become engaged in a single great battle.

And yet such an engagement may never take place. Instead some one of the so-called minor battles now being fought may throw the scales of fate toward ultimate victory or defeat for one side or the other.

History Recalled.

History is full of similar instances. Relatively unimportant battles time and again have changed the destiny of nations and snatched victory from almost certain defeat.

Probably no war in history affords so conclusive a proof of this truth as did the Franco-Prussian war of 1870 and 1871. Not only France, but the other nations of the world regarded the probability of a Prussian victory as extremely small. Yet five battles, the results of which were out of all proportion to their apparent importance, threw the tide of victory to the Germans.

A brief summary of these conflicts is illuminative:

Wettstein.—The opening engagement of the war. Only five advances of the opposing armies were engaged, and the conflict was not regarded as being more than a skirmish. Yet it lost to France her last hope of Italian intervention.

Courcelles.—The number of men engaged was less than that now involved

in Belgium, yet it prevented the union of the two French armies, and so paved the way for the ultimate defeat of France.

Vionville.—Prevented the retreat of the French from Metz to Verdun, which, if consummated, would have prolonged the war indefinitely.

Gravelotte.—A comparatively unimportant engagement which had the effect of forcing the French to take refuge in Metz and thus opening the way to the decisive battle of the war.

Sedan.—The Waterloo of the Franco-Prussian war. Previous to the engagement neither side regarded the battle as decisive. It was unheralded by the Prussians and not feared by the French. Yet it eliminated all possibility of ultimate victory for France.

The Unexpected End.

Thus ended unexpectedly a campaign unparalleled in the annals of warfare. In less than 50 days after the outbreak of the war—and less than 40 days after fighting began—France lay at the mercy of the Prussian soldiery. Paris was threatened by three rapidly converging armies and the fate set which only a few days later resulted in the overthrow of the empire and the birth of the French republic.

Such was the experience of the Franco-Prussian war. Such was the lesson of the possibility of the unexpected, taught 44 years ago.

Well within the range of possibility may be a similar denouement in the present conflict. Some "unimportant" engagement of which we read today may result in a division of the armies of the allies or of the Germans, or may cause one side or the other to take an unpremeditated step which shall prove its undoing or its salvation.

Results of Sedan.

The result of the battle of Sedan surprised no one more than the Prussians themselves. Immediately after the battle was over the Prussian king, who himself had led his forces to vic-

Golden Rule Cash Grocery

Our Big Bargain Day

Just received, a car of fine Rocky Ford Watermelons special for today at, per pound	1c
145-lb. box Fine Pears	\$1.25
1 box Fine Wealthy Apples	\$1.00
1 box Duntley Favorite (a large white apple)	\$1.25
1 box Fancy Elberta Peaches	75c
100 lbs. Extra Fancy Potatoes (not rotten stuff)	\$1.75
1 peach box of Burbank Plums	65c
5 lbs. Sweet Potatoes	25c
13 lbs. Extra Fancy Potatoes	20c
1 lb. Japan Tea	30c
1 lb. Eng. Breakfast Tea	30c
1 lb. Santa Pea Berry Coffee	30c
4 lbs. Japan Rice	25c
4 E. C. Corn Flakes	25c
3 lbs. Sunshine Crackers	25c
1 box Sunshine Crackers, lb. 7c	
2 lbs. Vanilla Wafers	25c
2 lbs. Molasses Cakes	25c
3 lbs. Ginger Snaps	25c
1 lb. White Grapes	10c
1 basket White Grapes	35c
5c Fine Eating Pears, lb.	5c

Everything on the bargain counter.

Tracy & Stewart

128 S. Nevada Main 904

ATTENTION

Your presence is requested at the Knowles Grocery and Market, corner Institute and Cache la Poudre streets, to see the finest display of good Fruits, Vegetables and other eatables in Colorado Springs, at prices low enough to give you the purchasing fever.

Rocky Ford Cantaloupes, standard size, 4 for	10c
Rocky Ford Watermelons, many as you want, pound	1c
Elberta Peaches, you all like Elbertas, per box	75c
Young Hens, pound, 20c; Frying Chix, pound	25c
Prime Steer Shoulder Pot Roasts of Beef, pound	15c
Burrell Gem Cantaloupes, 12 and 15 to crate, for	60c
Seven 5c packages of Pure Spices, assorted to suit	25c
Pure Apple Cider Vinegar, per gallon, 40c; 5 gallon lots	35c
Fresh Blackberries, 2 boxes	25c
F. F. O. G. Coffee, pound, 40c; 2-pound cans	75c
Finest Home-made Bread in town, 3 loaves for	10c

Pears and Plums are fine for preserving just now, and the prices are very low.

If you are contemplating putting up Grape Jelly or Juice, let us book your order for Monday. Special prices in quantities at store for cash.

GEORGE KNOWLES

T. L. MAIN 229

P. S.—Our new fall canned goods are coming in and we can sell you in case lots for cash at less than jobbers' present prices.

St. Louis Market

HOME OF DELMONICO SAUSAGE

Phone Main 919 105 S. Tejon St.

Try our Delmonico Coked Corn Beef, fresh made three times per week. It is delicious.	
Shoulder Roasts	15c
Rib Boil	10c
Mutton Shoulder	10c
Mutton Stew	5c
Delmonico Sausage	20c
Peaches, per basket	15c
R. F. Cantaloupes	5c
Smoked Herring	25c
Bacon Peppers, 4 for	10c
Full Cream Cheese	25c

We make a very good sausage without cereals at 2 lbs. for 25c.

LONGFORD & SON.

KEYSTONE GROCERY

112 S. Tejon St. Phones Main 117 and 136

SPECIAL SATURDAY PRICES IF YOU PAY MORE, YOU PAY TOO MUCH

ROCKY FORD CANTALOUPE Standard size, 45 to the crate, 75c	ELBERTA PEACHES, 30c	BURRELL GEMS, Fancy stock, Crat, 80c
---	----------------------	--------------------------------------

Just because you pay more is no reason it's any better. Buy. Keystone.

12 lbs. Fine Solid Cabbage 10c
Best Colorado Spuds, 100 pounds \$1.50

Don't pay a long price to the other fellow. We can save you money.

EXTRA ELBERTA PEACHES, Crate, 75c

IOWA CONCORD GRAPES. Fresh stock, Basket, 27c

Extra Fancy Bartlett Pears, 45-lb. box, \$1.75

OWEN & HUGHES.

Crescent Grocery

135-137 E. Huertano. Phones M. 448, M. 671.

15 lbs. Spuds	25c	4 lbs. Cauliflower	25c
6 lbs. Sweet Spuds	25c	6 bunches Celery	25c
1 basket Concord Grapes	30c	Basket Red Plums	25c
1 doz. Eggs	30c	Box Red Plums	75c
Basket Peaches	15c	Box Blue Plums	75c
Crate Peaches	70c	Basket Wild Plums	50c
6 Cantaloupes	25c	1 lb. Pickle Onions	10c
Crate Cantaloupes	1.00	1 doz. M. Peppers	15c
Basket Tomatoes	20c	1 doz. Pt. M. Jars	50c
1 box Bartlett Pears	2.10	1 doz. Qt. M. Jars	60c
1 box F. B. Pears	1.25	3 doz. Jar Rubbers	25c
Watermelons, lb.	1c	1 doz. Jar Caps	25c
6 lbs. Cooking Apples	25c		
3 lbs. Red June Apples	25c		
1 box Crabapples	1.00		
2 lbs. Tokay Grapes	25c		

L. R. FOSBIE.

Meats Cheap for Cash

—AT—

Crescent Market

PHONE MAIN 1824 135 E. HUERTANO

Please read this ad and then you will not kick about the high prices of meats.

Fancy Large Squabs, each	25c
Fancy Spring Chickens, 1 1/2 to 3 pounds, per pound	23c
Fancy Hens, pound	10c
Fancy Young Turkey, pound	23c
Fancy Ducks, pound	18c

(We dress all our Poultry)

EASTERN CORNED BEEF

Rolled Rib Roasts (no bone), pound	15c
Best cuts Shoulder Steak, pound	15c
Best cuts Loin Steak, pound	25c
Best cuts Round Steak, pound	25c
Two pounds Hamburger Steak	25c
Shoulder Pot Roasts, pound	12 1/2c to 15c
Three pounds Plate Boil	25c
Flank Steaks, pound	20c

PORK

Eight pounds Leaf Lard	\$1.00
Loin and Rib Pork Chops and Roasts, pound	20c
Whole Pork Shoulders, pound	14c
Shoulder Pork Chops, pound	17 1/2c
Two pounds Fresh Spare Ribs	25c
Two pounds Crescent Sausage	25c

MUTTON

Mutton Legs, pound	15c
Mutton Shoulders, pound	9c
Six pounds Mutton Stew	25c
Rib Mutton Chops, pound	15c
Loin Mutton Chops, pound	17 1/2c

VEAL

Veal Steak, pound	25c
Veal Chops, pound	20c
Veal Roasts, pound	15c to 17 1/2c
Veal Stew, pound	15c

LAMB

Leg Lamb, pound	20c
Shoulder Lamb, pound	12 1/2c
Loin Lamb Chops, pound	25c
Rib Lamb Chops, pound	20c
Armour's Colorado Pride Hams, pound	20c
Swift's Empire Hams, pound	20c
Swift's Winchester Bacon, pound	22c
Swift's Premium Bacon, pound	20c
Armour's Shield Bacon, pound	22c
Bacon Squares, pound	17c

COTTOLENI

2 pounds	30c	2 pounds	25c
4 pounds	60c	4 pounds	50c
10 pounds	\$1.45	10 pounds	\$1.20

FISH

Fresh Halibut, pound	15c
Large Norway Mackerel, each Medium size, each	10c

J. E. MAHAR, Prop.

INNERS AND WIFE ARE BEING HELD IN FRISCO

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 28.—Startling developments, according to Marshall Neime, caused the detention here today of Victor E. Innes and his wife, alleged slayers of Mrs. Elsie Dennis and Beatrice Neime, sisters of Marshall Neime. Officers of a detective agency who are escorting Innes, his wife and two children from Eugene Ore. to San Antonio, Tex., where it is charged Innes murdered the girls, admitted that unexpected clues had been stumbled upon in San Francisco and that important witnesses had been found.

Counts Bros.

Phone M. 222 731 N. Weber

Rocky Ford Watermelons, per pound	1c
13 lbs. Sugar	\$1.00
Burrell Gems, per crate	60c
New Comb Honey, frame	15c
2 Pkgs. Macaroni	15c
2 Pkgs. Corn Flakes	15c
5 lbs. Sweet Potatoes	25c
2 Cans Empson Leader Peas	15c
Mango Peppers, per doz.	20c
2 Doz. Corn	25c
Peaches, per box	75c
Flemish Beauty Pears, per box	\$1.50
3-lb. Pail Pure Lard	45c
5-lb. Pail Pure Lard	70c
10-lb. Pail Pure Lard	\$1.35
Home Dressed Hens, lb.	20c
Home Dressed Spring Chickens, lb.	24c
Premium Bacon, by strip, per lb.	30c
Good Standard Bacon, by strip, per lb.	24c

Concord Grapes

Concord Grapes

D. W. Smith

FAMILY GROCER

Phone Main 151. 717 N. Weber St.

Would be pleased to book your order for Concord Grapes at prices that will not be duplicated this year again, delivery Saturday morning. Call us up. We can also give you prices on imported goods, having said in a large supply before the war.

Watermelons 1c a lb

IF YOU WANT THE NEWS TODAY THE GAZETTE IS THE WAY

Final Low Prices on Men's and Boys' Summer Clothes

Men's Suits

\$16.50

One lot of Suits, regularly priced at \$22.50, \$25.00, \$27.50 and \$30.00. Blues and blacks included. H. S. & M. Kuppenheimer and Clothcraft makes.

\$12.50

One lot of Suits, regularly priced at \$18.00 and \$20.00. Blues and blacks included. H. S. & M. Kuppenheimer and Clothcraft makes.

\$10.50

One lot of Suits, regularly priced at \$15.00 and \$16.50. All wool clothes, made by Clothcraft.

\$9.75

150 Suits, all wool, made by H. S. & M. Kuppenheimer and Clothcraft; one or two of a kind, but priced regular at from \$15.00 to \$20.00. Sizes 34 to 42. This is the biggest value ever shown at this store. You will have to hurry.

\$6.50

20 Suits in this lot, two-piece Suits, 75, daily priced from \$10.00 to \$17.50. Sizes 34 to 42. Light colors.

Men's Odd Pants 1/4 off

17.50 Pants.....\$5.95
17.00 Pants.....\$5.25
16.50 Pants.....\$4.95
16.00 Pants.....\$4.50
15.50 Pants.....\$4.15
15.00 Pants.....\$3.75
14.50 Pants.....\$3.35
14.00 Pants.....\$2.95
13.50 Pants.....\$2.55
13.00 Pants.....\$2.15
12.50 Pants.....\$1.75
12.00 Pants.....\$1.35
11.50 Pants.....\$0.95

One lot of Men's Top Coats, sizes 34 to 42, regular price \$16.50 to \$27.50. Sale price **\$9.75**
1/4 Price - All Men's Straw Hats.....1/4 Price
Regular prices, \$2.00 to \$5.00.

Boys' Clothing 1/2 off

All Boys' Straw Hats One-Half Price.

BOYS' KNEE PANT SUITS 1-3 OFF

Size	Old Price	New Price
32.00 Suits.....	\$10.00	\$7.50
34.00 Suits.....	\$12.00	\$9.00
36.00 Suits.....	\$14.00	\$10.50
38.00 Suits.....	\$16.00	\$12.00
40.00 Suits.....	\$18.00	\$13.50
42.00 Suits.....	\$20.00	\$15.00
44.00 Suits.....	\$22.00	\$16.50
46.00 Suits.....	\$24.00	\$18.00
48.00 Suits.....	\$26.00	\$19.50
50.00 Suits.....	\$28.00	\$21.00
52.00 Suits.....	\$30.00	\$22.50
54.00 Suits.....	\$32.00	\$24.00
56.00 Suits.....	\$34.00	\$25.50
58.00 Suits.....	\$36.00	\$27.00
60.00 Suits.....	\$38.00	\$28.50
62.00 Suits.....	\$40.00	\$30.00
64.00 Suits.....	\$42.00	\$31.50
66.00 Suits.....	\$44.00	\$33.00
68.00 Suits.....	\$46.00	\$34.50
70.00 Suits.....	\$48.00	\$36.00
72.00 Suits.....	\$50.00	\$37.50
74.00 Suits.....	\$52.00	\$39.00
76.00 Suits.....	\$54.00	\$40.50
78.00 Suits.....	\$56.00	\$42.00
80.00 Suits.....	\$58.00	\$43.50
82.00 Suits.....	\$60.00	\$45.00
84.00 Suits.....	\$62.00	\$46.50
86.00 Suits.....	\$64.00	\$48.00
88.00 Suits.....	\$66.00	\$49.50
90.00 Suits.....	\$68.00	\$51.00
92.00 Suits.....	\$70.00	\$52.50
94.00 Suits.....	\$72.00	\$54.00
96.00 Suits.....	\$74.00	\$55.50
98.00 Suits.....	\$76.00	\$57.00
100.00 Suits.....	\$78.00	\$58.50

ONE LOT KNEE PANTS 1-3 OFF

100 to 750 values.....65c

ONE LOT KNEE PANTS 50c to 75c values.....35c

BOYS' KNEE PANTS Cut Price

Size	Old Price	New Price
75c values.....	50c	35c
80c values.....	60c	42c
85c values.....	70c	50c
90c values.....	80c	58c
95c values.....	90c	65c
1.00 values.....	1.00	70c
1.10 values.....	1.10	77c
1.20 values.....	1.20	84c
1.30 values.....	1.30	91c
1.40 values.....	1.40	98c
1.50 values.....	1.50	1.05

BOYS' LONG PANT SUITS 1-3 OFF

Size	Old Price	New Price
35.00 Suits.....	\$8.50	\$6.38
37.00 Suits.....	\$9.50	\$7.13
39.00 Suits.....	\$10.50	\$7.88
41.00 Suits.....	\$11.50	\$8.63
43.00 Suits.....	\$12.50	\$9.38
45.00 Suits.....	\$13.50	\$10.13
47.00 Suits.....	\$14.50	\$10.88
49.00 Suits.....	\$15.50	\$11.63
51.00 Suits.....	\$16.50	\$12.38
53.00 Suits.....	\$17.50	\$13.13
55.00 Suits.....	\$18.50	\$13.88
57.00 Suits.....	\$19.50	\$14.63
59.00 Suits.....	\$20.50	\$15.38
61.00 Suits.....	\$21.50	\$16.13
63.00 Suits.....	\$22.50	\$16.88
65.00 Suits.....	\$23.50	\$17.63
67.00 Suits.....	\$24.50	\$18.38
69.00 Suits.....	\$25.50	\$19.13
71.00 Suits.....	\$26.50	\$19.88
73.00 Suits.....	\$27.50	\$20.63
75.00 Suits.....	\$28.50	\$21.38
77.00 Suits.....	\$29.50	\$22.13
79.00 Suits.....	\$30.50	\$22.88
81.00 Suits.....	\$31.50	\$23.63
83.00 Suits.....	\$32.50	\$24.38
85.00 Suits.....	\$33.50	\$25.13
87.00 Suits.....	\$34.50	\$25.88
89.00 Suits.....	\$35.50	\$26.63
91.00 Suits.....	\$36.50	\$27.38
93.00 Suits.....	\$37.50	\$28.13
95.00 Suits.....	\$38.50	\$28.88
97.00 Suits.....	\$39.50	\$29.63
99.00 Suits.....	\$40.50	\$30.38
101.00 Suits.....	\$41.50	\$31.13
103.00 Suits.....	\$42.50	\$31.88
105.00 Suits.....	\$43.50	\$32.63
107.00 Suits.....	\$44.50	\$33.38
109.00 Suits.....	\$45.50	\$34.13
111.00 Suits.....	\$46.50	\$34.88
113.00 Suits.....	\$47.50	\$35.63
115.00 Suits.....	\$48.50	\$36.38
117.00 Suits.....	\$49.50	\$37.13
119.00 Suits.....	\$50.50	\$37.88
121.00 Suits.....	\$51.50	\$38.63
123.00 Suits.....	\$52.50	\$39.38
125.00 Suits.....	\$53.50	\$40.13
127.00 Suits.....	\$54.50	\$40.88
129.00 Suits.....	\$55.50	\$41.63
131.00 Suits.....	\$56.50	\$42.38
133.00 Suits.....	\$57.50	\$43.13
135.00 Suits.....	\$58.50	\$43.88
137.00 Suits.....	\$59.50	\$44.63
139.00 Suits.....	\$60.50	\$45.38
141.00 Suits.....	\$61.50	\$46.13
143.00 Suits.....	\$62.50	\$46.88
145.00 Suits.....	\$63.50	\$47.63
147.00 Suits.....	\$64.50	\$48.38
149.00 Suits.....	\$65.50	\$49.13
151.00 Suits.....	\$66.50	\$49.88
153.00 Suits.....	\$67.50	\$50.63
155.00 Suits.....	\$68.50	\$51.38
157.00 Suits.....	\$69.50	\$52.13
159.00 Suits.....	\$70.50	\$52.88
161.00 Suits.....	\$71.50	\$53.63
163.00 Suits.....	\$72.50	\$54.38
165.00 Suits.....	\$73.50	\$55.13
167.00 Suits.....	\$74.50	\$55.88
169.00 Suits.....	\$75.50	\$56.63
171.00 Suits.....	\$76.50	\$57.38
173.00 Suits.....	\$77.50	\$58.13
175.00 Suits.....	\$78.50	\$58.88
177.00 Suits.....	\$79.50	\$59.63
179.00 Suits.....	\$80.50	\$60.38
181.00 Suits.....	\$81.50	\$61.13
183.00 Suits.....	\$82.50	\$61.88
185.00 Suits.....	\$83.50	\$62.63
187.00 Suits.....	\$84.50	\$63.38
189.00 Suits.....	\$85.50	\$64.13
191.00 Suits.....	\$86.50	\$64.88
193.00 Suits.....	\$87.50	\$65.63
195.00 Suits.....	\$88.50	\$66.38
197.00 Suits.....	\$89.50	\$67.13
199.00 Suits.....	\$90.50	\$67.88
201.00 Suits.....	\$91.50	\$68.63
203.00 Suits.....	\$92.50	\$69.38
205.00 Suits.....	\$93.50	\$70.13
207.00 Suits.....	\$94.50	\$70.88
209.00 Suits.....	\$95.50	\$71.63
211.00 Suits.....	\$96.50	\$72.38
213.00 Suits.....	\$97.50	\$73.13
215.00 Suits.....	\$98.50	\$73.88
217.00 Suits.....	\$99.50	\$74.63
219.00 Suits.....	\$100.50	\$75.38
221.00 Suits.....	\$101.50	\$76.13
223.00 Suits.....	\$102.50	\$76.88
225.00 Suits.....	\$103.50	\$77.63
227.00 Suits.....	\$104.50	\$78.38
229.00 Suits.....	\$105.50	\$79.13
231.00 Suits.....	\$106.50	\$79.88
233.00 Suits.....	\$107.50	\$80.63
235.00 Suits.....	\$108.50	\$81.38
237.00 Suits.....	\$109.50	\$82.13
239.00 Suits.....	\$110.50	\$82.88
241.00 Suits.....	\$111.50	\$83.63
243.00 Suits.....	\$112.50	\$84.38
245.00 Suits.....	\$113.50	\$85.13
247.00 Suits.....	\$114.50	\$85.88
249.00 Suits.....	\$115.50	\$86.63
251.00 Suits.....	\$116.50	\$87.38
253.00 Suits.....	\$117.50	\$88.13
255.00 Suits.....	\$118.50	\$88.88
257.00 Suits.....	\$119.50	\$89.63
259.00 Suits.....	\$120.50	\$90.38
261.00 Suits.....	\$121.50	\$91.13
263.00 Suits.....	\$122.50	\$91.88
265.00 Suits.....	\$123.50	\$92.63
267.00 Suits.....	\$124.50	\$93.38
269.00 Suits.....	\$125.50	\$94.13
271.00 Suits.....	\$126.50	\$94.88
273.00 Suits.....	\$127.50	\$95.63
275.00 Suits.....	\$128.50	\$96.38
277.00 Suits.....	\$129.50	\$97.13
279.00 Suits.....	\$130.50	\$97.88
281.00 Suits.....	\$131.50	\$98.63
283.00 Suits.....	\$132.50	\$99.38
285.00 Suits.....	\$133.50	\$100.13
287.00 Suits.....	\$134.50	\$100.88
289.00 Suits.....	\$135.50	\$101.63
291.00 Suits.....	\$136.50	\$102.38
293.00 Suits.....	\$137.50	\$103.13
295.00 Suits.....	\$138.50	\$103.88
297.00 Suits.....	\$139.50	\$104.63
299.00 Suits.....	\$140.50	\$105.38
301.00 Suits.....	\$141.50	\$106.13
303.00 Suits.....	\$142.50	\$106.88
305.00 Suits.....	\$143.50	\$107.63
307.00 Suits.....	\$144.50	\$108.38
309.00 Suits.....	\$145.50	\$109.13
311.00 Suits.....	\$146.50	\$109.88
313.00 Suits.....	\$147.50	\$110.63
315.00 Suits.....	\$148.50	\$111.38
317.00 Suits.....	\$149.50	\$112.13
319.00 Suits.....	\$150.50	\$112.88
321.00 Suits.....	\$151.50	\$113.63
323.00 Suits.....	\$152.50	\$114.38
325.00 Suits.....	\$153.50	\$115.13
327.00 Suits.....	\$154.50	\$115.88
329.00 Suits.....	\$155.50	\$116.63
331.00 Suits.....	\$156.50	\$117.38
333.00 Suits.....	\$157.50	\$118.13
335.00 Suits.....	\$158.50	\$118.88
337.00 Suits.....	\$159.50	\$119.63
339.00 Suits.....	\$160.50	\$120.38
341.00 Suits.....	\$161.50	\$121.13
343.00 Suits.....	\$162.50	\$121.88
345.00 Suits.....	\$163.50	\$122.63
347.00 Suits.....	\$164.50	\$123.38
349.00 Suits.....	\$165.50	\$124.13
351.00 Suits.....	\$166.50	\$124.88
353.00 Suits.....	\$167.50	\$125.63
355.00 Suits.....	\$168.50	\$126.38
357.00 Suits.....	\$169.50	\$127.13
359.00 Suits.....	\$170.50	\$127.88
361.00 Suits.....	\$171.50	\$128.63
363.00 Suits.....	\$172.50	\$129.38
365.00 Suits.....	\$173.50	\$130.13
367.00 Suits.....	\$174.50	\$130.88
369.00 Suits.....	\$175.50	\$131.63
371.00 Suits.....	\$176.50	\$132.38
373.00 Suits.....	\$177.50	\$133.13
375.00 Suits.....	\$178.50	\$133.88
377.00 Suits.....	\$179.50	\$134.63
379.00 Suits.....	\$180.50	\$135.38
381.00 Suits.....	\$181.50	\$136.13
383.00 Suits.....	\$182.50	\$136.88
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387.00 Suits.....	\$184.50	\$138.38
389.00 Suits.....	\$185.50	\$139.13
391.00 Suits.....	\$186.50	\$139.88
393.00 Suits.....	\$187.50	\$140.63
395.00 Suits.....	\$188.50	\$141.38
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401.00 Suits.....	\$191.50	\$143.63
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405.00 Suits.....	\$193.50	\$145.13
407.00 Suits.....	\$194.50	\$145.88
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421.00 Suits.....	\$201.50	\$151.13
423.00 Suits.....	\$202.50	\$151.88
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427.00 Suits.....	\$204.50	\$153.38
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431.00 Suits.....	\$206.50	\$154.88
433.00 Suits.....	\$207.50	\$155.63
435.00 Suits.....	\$208.50	\$156.38
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441.00 Suits.....	\$211.50	\$158.63
443.00 Suits.....	\$212.50	\$159.38
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447.00 Suits.....	\$214.50	\$160.88
449.00 Suits.....	\$215.50	\$161.63
451.00 Suits.....	\$216.50	\$162.38
453.00 Suits.....	\$217.50	\$163.13
455.00 Suits.....	\$218.50	\$163.88
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459.00 Suits.....	\$220.50	\$165.38
461.00 Suits.....	\$221.50	\$166.13
463.00 Suits.....	\$222.50	\$166.88
465.00 Suits.....	\$223.50	\$167.63
467.00 Suits.....	\$224.50	\$168.38
469.00 Suits.....	\$225.50	\$169.13
471.00 Suits.....	\$226.50	\$169.88
473.00 Suits.....	\$227.50	\$170.63
475.00 Suits.....	\$228.50	\$171.38
477.00 Suits.....	\$229.50	\$172.13
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COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

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SATURDAY, AUGUST 29, 1914.

REBUILDING THE VIADUCT

THE most important problem before the City Council just now is that of the Bijou Street viaduct. Plans have been prepared by the city engineer for the replacement of the part of the structure which was swept away by the recent storm, and it is for the Council to decide whether the old steel work will be put back in place or a new and permanent bridge of reinforced concrete built.

The Bijou Street viaduct was built about twenty years ago, and, like all others of its kind, it is both unsatisfactory and unsightly. If the City at that time had spent the additional money required for a reinforced concrete bridge there would be no occasion for the present outlay. If the City at this time spends the additional amount needed for such a bridge there will be no occasion for any further outlay in the future, for when properly built reinforced concrete lasts forever. But if the Council, in an attempt to practice economy, makes the mistake of rebuilding the old steel structure, it will only invite further disaster and expense.

The thing really needed is an entirely new concrete viaduct spanning both the railroad tracks and the creek, but this is probably impracticable at the present time. The portion across the tracks is at least safe, and can be used for several years to come. But instead of rebuilding the old steel bridge over the creek, the City should build a new concrete bridge so designed that it can eventually be continued across the tracks to replace the present structure.

In this way the total cost would be extended over a longer term of years, and the final result would be an ornamental and entirely permanent viaduct. It would be false economy to do anything else. It was false economy in the first place when the present viaduct was built. Perhaps there was a reason for it, the Council in office at that time thought it was getting its money's worth. But a steel bridge five hundred feet long which must be replaced every twenty or twenty-five years is a bad investment under any circumstances. The better way is to spend more money for a viaduct which will last forever and at the same time be an ornament to the city.

THE ART OF BREAKING TREATIES

THE Peace Palace at The Hague, a stately, beautiful pile of marble, stands today as an international joke. Carnegieized millions built it and the hero-liberty-peace maker, in that canny Scotch manner of his, has nothing to say for publication on the situation abroad.

Who helped make the millions that went into the temple of peace? Paradoxical as it may seem, the laborers who sweated and toiled in the great steel mills, their brothers and sons, are today hacking at one another in a great international tragedy that they cannot understand. These men, the raw labor, helped forge the steel plates and rails that, turned into gold, helped to buy the gilt or the frescoes for The Hague Peace Palace.

Protests are being made against the dropping of bombs in Antwerp by German dirigibles. The provisions of the fourth Hague tribunal are quoted to show that the Germans are violating the laws of war. But what man-made laws can govern a war like that which is raging on the continent? What will the Kaiser say to these peace-makers when they inform him that he is violating a rule? This is a war to the death and these rules, for the war game savor too much of the tea table to suit the blood-thirsty.

Treaties have been broken right and left in Europe. Luxemburg was invaded and Belgium became the battlefield for the first decisive clash of the armies. The Kaiser has explained that both of these moves were necessary to his plan of action. The German military plan for years has included the invasion of Belgium. Of course the diplomats of the two nations have talked in friendly fashion, but when the time came Belgium was the weaker. In diplomacy the stronger can accept terms for peace that it can smash in war. Who's to prevent it?

The violation of Belgian territory

transformed the troops into stubborn defenders of their country, and Germany is paying dear for its short cut to the French frontier. This brazen attempt was largely, if not entirely, responsible for bringing England into the contest, and so, after all, the violation of Belgian neutrality is going to go down in history as the whirlwind that started the tornado.

In the face of European disregard for treaties and international rulings on war, the United States the other day signed and ratified a number of agreements for the protection of citizens abroad, for the furtherance of trade and for various other purposes. Watchful initiative or watchful waiting are two diverse methods of action. Germany tried the former and America the latter. Which wins?

THE CONTENTED CITY

THE business manager plan for cities does not mean a dehumanized regime, according to the report for the first six months of City Manager H. M. Waite of Dayton, O. While many claim that there is very little sentiment in business, the general welfare of a community demands a great deal from its employees. Hard-headed and close-fisted men, in their scramble for the dollar, must realize that cities are not like manufacturing plants or general business. A city has a heart and a body. It must have its health and its pleasure.

The report, of Dayton's manager illustrated this fact. Adequate health service, free clinics and pure milk stations cut the death rate of babies 50 per cent. Two large parks were opened to the public, with bathing, boating and other facilities. A legal aid service has been established to give free advice to the poor and loan sharks have been practically exterminated. Under the city's auspices a high-class symphony orchestra has been provided.

Dayton is proud of its new plan of administration, and well it should be. The old complex machinery of city management or mismanagement is aging fast, and in a few years will join the political machine itself in exile.

In view of the capture of Brussels, what's to prevent the furniture man from raising the price of rugs?



FOR EFFICIENCY.

From Collier's Weekly.
 "Total abstinence from alcoholic stimulants" runs a cable dispatch from London. "Will be strictly observed during Sir Ernest Shackleton's trip across the South Polar continent. He and his men propose to work long hours, including eight hours marching every day, but for stimulants they will rely on nothing stronger than tea or cocoa." This is not the freak of an enthusiast, but a commonsense decision based upon the facts concerning alcohol. For maximum efficiency, the explorer cuts out the booze. The question is: Shall the rest of us be equally efficient in shouldering a share of the world's work?

WHO LOSES MAKE THE STYLES?

From the New York Times.
 Something like what seems to have broken out between the executive and the styles committee of the associated manufacturers who supply New York women—and some millions more—with coats. The styles committee, after such solemn deliberation as the importance of the subject deserved, decided, and proclaimed that coats for immediate sale should be short, and those for the fall trade long, or at any rate longer. The executive committee protests against this arbitrary ruling and declares against any attempt to impose uniformity of design on the American manufacturer or of dress on the American woman.

The one, insist the executives, shouldn't stand it and the other won't, but both should be left free to follow the dictates of genius and taste. Here is a quarrel into which the uninitiated layman would fear to venture with an expression of either opinion or advice, but he will watch it attentively in the hope that at last he may get some light on that deepest of mysteries, the source of the laws that determine the ever changing sequence of styles.

Even the members of this styles committee do not pretend that they do the determining themselves; they only assert the possession of advance knowledge of decisions to be handed down from some remote court of ultimate jurisdiction, the authority of which is derived whence nobody knows, or at least reveals.

To complicate the situation the executive committee of the coatmakers says that the docility of women to the decrees of abstract fashion is only seeming and that they cannot be coerced.

THE VANISHED DIMENSION

From the Kansas City Journal.
 Kaiser Wilhelm may have been mistaken when he declared that he was prepared to fight the world. More correctly stated, he is willing to fight the world, prepared or not. And his severest critic will admit that, having declared war upon, invaded or offended all of the nations of Europe except Spain, Norway, Portugal, Denmark and Bulgaria, Wilhelm has the courage of his convictions.

In the popular phrase, the Kaiser seems to have bitten off more than he can chew. Just why he should have found it necessary to affront Switzerland, Holland, Sweden and Italy, in addition to invading Belgium, is not apparent at this distance. He already had upon his hands Russia, France, England, Japan and such minor nations as Serbia and Montenegro, with their Balkan allies.

With him is Austria alone, with its virtually uncontrollable citizenship, and which has all it can do to take care of one division of the Russian army and keep an eye on the Balkan horde that may rise at any moment and pour over its borders. Turkey may show a disposition to annoy the Bear and thus afford a little relief to Germany, but it would succeed only in turning the fire of the Balkans upon it again, leaving Russia to handle the Austrians. Hence Wilhelm stands practically alone, fighting courageously but with a madness that perplexes and astonishes the world.

It is evident that the Kaiser believes it to be Germany's province to dominate the earth. He has believed this all his life. His reign has been one constant preparation for the events of today. It is not less patent that he regards himself as a man of destiny who was born to be the commanding figure of all time. An egotism less sublime would be incapable of provoking war with friendly nations, while

assailing great hostile powers. Apparently he conceives himself a second and greater Napoleon, though the days of Napoleonic genius have long since passed.

A hundred years ago there were four dimensions in war—the field, the men, the munitions and the superman. Napoleon, the apotheosized brute of militarism, could repel the mob in Paris and awaken enthusiasm for his personality that put Europe to the sword and the torch. The superman, with his genius for organized murder was the dominating dimension.

But the lapse of time has minimized both the man and the superman as factors in warfare. The emphasis is now upon institutions. The age of machinery in war has made the machine the important, the all-prevailing thing. Battles are fought nowadays in the laboratory, the machine shop and the gun foundry. The 16-inch gun trundles before a human being, and the battle fleet gives way before no hero-worshipping legions. The aerial bomb will blow to shreds a Napoleon or a Wilhelm or a Von Moltke quite as readily as the humblest private.

When war was a question of infantry conflicts, the personal equation was well nigh supreme. But machines are no respecters of persons. Wilhelm's mad courage may inspire his soldiers to deeds of utter daring, but it cannot patch a 10-foot rip in the side of a flying dirigible nor can it divert the broadside of a dreadnought from its course. If it were not a question of men, this royal dare-devil might win a quarter of medals, but the machine has neither heart to quell nor soul to inspire. And the machine decides before there is opportunity to measure courage man to man and hand to hand.

THE WAR'S STRIKING LESSON IN GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP

From the New York American.

Owning her own telephone and telegraph lines, England has taught this country an important lesson in the practicability of government ownership. England does not own her railroads. But with the declaration of war came an order placing every railroad in the United Kingdom under the absolute control of the government.

Time tables will be made by the government, trains will be run as the government sees that they shall be run; every railroad employee, from the new Long Island general manager of the most important line down to the humblest guard on a passenger train, will take his orders from the government.

The purpose of this is obvious. The interests of the English people are at stake in this war. Private gain must be sacrificed to the common good. It is not for boards of directors but for the representatives of the people to save how England's means of transportation are to be conducted in this crisis.

The process of taking over the railroads is necessarily long and cumbersome. It will take some time before government officials, untrained in the management of railroads, can operate them smoothly. For weeks, perhaps months, they will be largely dependent on the railroad operators themselves.

But had England owned and operated her own railroads, as she owns and operates her own telegraph lines, no change would have been necessary. The railroad department, operating in complete harmony with the war department, would have been instantly responsive to the demand upon it.

In the event of war in America an order like that enforced in England would have to be made. Here it would take a weary time to bring the railroads into complete harmony with the government. Clashes of ideas and opinions would be bound to occur. A condition approaching chaos would exist for the first few months, at least.

Here is an important lesson for the people of America. The worst calamity that can befall a nation is a great war. The next worst calamity is the inability of a nation to defend itself, to protect its people in time of great peril.

With railroads under hundreds of different private managements, the immediate transportation of troops would be a manifest impossibility. There would be a shortage of cars here, a lack of facilities there, a difference between employer and employee at another place.

Under government ownership the railroads would be as responsive as the army and navy, the telegraph system would be a part of the government, and as available as the postal service to the government now.

In time of peace the government control of railroads and telegraphs and telephones would be a boon to the people. In time of war it would be an imperative necessity.

A Loss of Perspective

BY RUTH CAMERON

The other day a neighbor died. She had been walking along the sidewalk when a passing automobile threw up a stone which bruised her face. In three days she was dead of blood poisoning.

The absolute tragedy of it all lay in the fact that that afternoon she had been asked to make one of a party of automobiles and had refused.

"John hasn't had this car very long," she explained, "and I have these little children dependent upon me. I do not feel that I should go anywhere I might be in danger."

What is more, for years she had ordered her life with this same view in mind, not to incur danger. She had denied herself pleasures, had staved home while others went automobileing or sailing in the power boat, because automobiles and power boats were a source of danger!

"Sources of danger!" Where are they or rather where are they not? How can we escape from them? True, people do die in automobiles and in motor boats. Drowning is both unpleasant and frequent, but it is no less pleasant and nowhere as near frequent as apoplexy.

For months, because of an unquestionable element of danger which now and then claims a victim, this woman had denied herself certain pleasures in which thousands of people indulge daily with absolute immunity. She had children dependent upon her; but fate, unmindful of her precautions or her children, stepped in and snatched her away.

The doctor, consoling her husband, added that it was too bad she hadn't gotten outdoors more, because her blood would have been in better condition and less liable to infection.

To blame her for wanting to avoid all danger for her children's sake would be unjust and unfair. But one cannot help pitying her for a loss of perspective, and a blind senseless system of petty precautions against the one great fear before which man stands helpless; a system which was a source of deprivation to herself and an exasperation to her husband and her friends.

The last few years of her life she did not really live; she guarded herself against death. She watched over a hundred entrances through which death might come. She knew the danger that lurks in a pin prick; of the bacillus that might make a mortal wound of a scratch. She watched with fascinated eyes the match with which her husband and his friends lit their after-dinner cigars. She protested, laughingly teased with her deep concern over the match's final disposition, that she wasn't going to "be burned like a rat in a trap."

And so it went. She watched over a hundred entrances through which danger and death might come upon her; but death, free to use thousands of entrances over which no mortal can hope to stand guard, stalked down upon her nevertheless.

Life no longer signified itself to her in friendly guise. It was but death wearing many masks. The tragedy of it! For, as Stevenson says, "So soon as prudence has begun to grow up in the brain like a diabolical fungus, it finds its first expression in a paralysis of generous acts. The victim begins to shrink spiritually. To be other, also, is to deny, and the people sponger ends by denying itself with."

VEST Pocket Essays

BY GEORGE FITCH
 Author of "At Grad Old Bunkum"

THE DEER

The deer is a refined and beautiful third cousin of the cow. It has never gone into domestic science but lives a wild, free life in the woods, furnishing inspiration to poets and dinners to wolves, tigers, panthers and various other animals which are not vegetarians.

The deer is very delicately made, with chipmunk-like legs, large expressive ears, and deep, liquid, sparkling eyes. It has a beautiful mottled coat and it spends most of its time trying to keep this coat for itself. This is not because the deer has a selfish disposition but because it is a very serious matter



"Owing to the growing scarcity of the deer the hunters have recently taken to shooting each other."

ter to have its coat removed. It is always done just subsequent to the death of the deer itself.

The deer lives in the forests and plains as far from man as possible and spends its time leaping nimbly from bither to bither. The deer's legs are made of cool springs and it can remove itself from a given portion of the landscape with great rapidity. Between removals it spends its time eating grass and herbs and producing fawns or infant deer which are innocent little creatures composed mostly of ears.

Like most beautiful creatures the deer leads an unhappy life and comes to a sad end. This is because it is too well beloved. Its flesh is very popular. Its hide is eagerly sought for by the Indians who make shoes and clothes out of it. And it is greatly esteemed by sportsmen as a mark. There is no more popular badge than that of going out into the woods and hitting a deer with a rifle bullet. Thousands of men go into the woods each fall to shoot deer. Owing to the growing scarcity of the deer, the hunters have recently taken to shooting each other by mistake. Thus the deer in its quiet and white fashion is getting considerable revenge.

It is extremely cruel to shoot an innocent, confident deer in the neck—almost as cruel as it is to leave the same deer to be checked up by a mountain lion later on.

(Copyright by George Matthew Adams)

GERMAN VICTORY AT NAMUR WAS DUE TO LONG RANGE OF GUNS

FOLKESTONE, England, via London, Aug. 28.—A number of Belgian wounded from Namur have arrived here but it is difficult to get any connected account of the fight though they say the German bombardment continued from Friday until Sunday and they believe it was the superiority, in long range of the German guns, which gave them the victory.

On Saturday a German shell exploded in Marchevestre fort and put the largest gun and one six-inch gun out of action. Two hundred Belgian soldiers while trying to escape were practically annihilated by German shrapnel and machine guns.

On Sunday ammunition ran short in some of the forts and more was sent for but the town fell at midday Sunday before it arrived. The Belgian soldiers made a splendid retirement, which was covered by the French troops.

COUNT VON BERNSTORFF SAYS FIGHTING IN EAST ONLY OUTPOST CLASHES

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, conferred with Secretary Bryan today on the censorship at German-owned wireless stations. Secretary Bryan said afterwards that the question still was unsettled.

Fighting on the Russian border, the ambassador said had been merely clashes of outposts. The country is open and unfortified, he explained, and the towns reported captured by Russians are undefended and unimportant points. No Russian dispatches, the count declared, had mentioned engagements with army troops.

In defense of the action of the Zepelin airship in dropping bombs into Antwerp, Count Von Bernstorff declared that in Germany the presence of women and children in a fortress such as the city of Antwerp was not permitted.

Attack on a fortress in modern warfare, he pointed out, may be carried on from the air as well as from the siege guns.

PROF. BAEZ IS NEW DOMINICAN PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Professor Don Ramon Baez has been formally inaugurated as provisional president of the Dominican republic, after the voluntary abdication of President Bordaberry, according to a dispatch to the state department today.

Tourists

Don't fail to secure some of the Croft Water Color pictures of Colorado before leaving town.
 35c to \$15.00

Hardy's

16 North T'ojon

IN THE EARLY DAYS

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY

AUGUST 29, 1884

James Downes, a cowboy who had tried to use the Western Union office for a camp instead of going to a hotel, was fined \$5 and costs by Justice Piley.

Mrs. Caroline T. Parsons had donated \$1,000 to the local T. M. C. A., which donation, it was said, would materially aid in advancing its interests.

Hon. C. E. Stubbs came in from his ranch.

Ed Shropshire returned from a six weeks' visit in the east.

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY

AUGUST 29, 1894

The Democratic county convention was held in Court House hall but adjourned for a couple of days before selecting any candidates.

A call for Populist primaries for this date had been issued but so far as The Gazette could find out none were held.

Postmaster Ferguson said that judging by the amount of mail he had handled he believed that this had been the biggest year for tourists that Colorado Springs had ever known. He estimated the population of the town to be 15,000.

How to Keep Well

By Dr. W. A. Evans

Overcome nervousness, hysteria, and nervousness of heart, of stomach, of lungs, of liver, of kidneys, of bladder, of bowels, of the whole system. It will not permit of the subject to get sick, it will not permit of the subject to get old, it will not permit of the subject to get weak, it will not permit of the subject to get diseased. It is the only medicine that will cure all these things. It is the only medicine that will keep you well. It is the only medicine that will keep you young. It is the only medicine that will keep you happy. It is the only medicine that will keep you healthy. It is the only medicine that will keep you strong. It is the only medicine that will keep you beautiful. It is the only medicine that will keep you wise. It is the only medicine that will keep you rich. It is the only medicine that will keep you powerful. It is the only medicine that will keep you immortal.

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TYPHOID AND WAR

In the German army in the Franco-Prussian war of 1870-71 there were 73,293 cases of typhoid fever and of these 6,966 died. The total number of deaths from wounds in that war was about four times the number of deaths from typhoid, viz., 28,259.

In the Spanish-American war the number of cases of typhoid in the American army was 20,788, the number of deaths from typhoid, 1,580, while the number of deaths from wounds was less than one-sixth as great, viz., 243, a disproportion without parallel in the history of wars.

In the Russo-Japanese war the Russian army developed 17,033 cases of typhoid, and the number of deaths was 2,200. The deaths from wounds were disproportionately high—34,000, or about 14 to 1.

In the Boer war the British army had 57,684 cases of typhoid fever, with 8,022 deaths. The deaths from wounds were 7,700.

Comparing the deaths from wounds with those from typhoid in these four wars, we find such wide variations as 4 to 1, 1 to 6, 14 to 1, and 1 to 1. Practical efforts to end typhoid in armies may be said to have begun in the United States army in 1911. In the American army at the present time typhoid is a legend. The "rookie" hears about it from the Sergeant Mulvaney. That the European armies in the field will equal the typhoid record of the United States army since 1911 is not probable.

Since 1911 the United States army has been somewhat in the same position as were the Balkan armies in the autumn of 1913—inactive in the field awaiting the result of negotiations. The armies of continental Europe are under the more strenuous conditions of actual warfare.

In the medical literature for the last two years there are many articles written by medical officers, complaining of sanitary conditions in the different European armies. There have been so many of these from so many different sources that I am sure there must be ground for some complaint.

It is not likely that the hygiene and sanitation standards of any army in the field in Europe is up to the standard of that of the American army. The typhoid rate of these armies will be somewhere between the rate of the Spanish American war and that of the same army along the Mexican frontier.

BIRTH RECORD ADVISABLE

E. T. writes: "A long time ago, I think, you advised parents to get certified copies of their children's birth. I have recently done so for three children. In every case the name is spelled incorrectly. The birth of a fourth child, born in 1908 (in a Chicago hospital), is not recorded. Is it worth while now to take steps to have this last record—if so, what? Why is it advisable to have these certificates?"

REPLY

1. You write the county clerk for a blank. Have it filled out and return it to the clerk for record.
 2. A record of birth in the best proof when questions of inheritance or relationship are at issue. Such a record is the best proof of school age, or age for the purpose of a license to work or a license to marry. Those states and cities that do not now have laws restricting work for young children, or compulsory education laws, or laws

requiring proof of age before a license can be issued will have them within a few years.

SEE EARLY SPECIALIST

E. P. M. writes: "What is the cause of a slight running of the ear, especially first thing in the morning, by a man about 50 years of age? His weight (about 150 pounds), about 120 striped; he is 5 feet 6 inches) considered normal? What is the opinion among the medical profession in general on the natural method of healing, 'nature cure,' that is, curing without drugs?"

REPLY

1. He has a mild infection of the eardrum and he should go to an ear specialist and have his condition cured. Left alone, it leads to deafness.
 2. It is light.
 3. It is helpful when intelligently made use of. It does much harm when prescribed as a sed.

BREAK LAD OF HABIT

Worried Mother writes: "Is thumb sucking a bad habit? My boy is nearly 5 years old, and has sucked his thumb since babyhood. It seems impossible to break him of the habit. Does it gnaw the adenoids? When not sucking the thumb his mouth is open most of the time, which gives him almost a dumb expression."

REPLY

Your letter answers itself. Your child keeps his mouth open most of the time, and has almost a dumb expression. Break him of the habit, or break a leg, else he will break your heart.

MERCURIAL OINTMENT

Mrs. E. S. L. writes: "Would mercurial ointment produce death?"

REPLY

Mercurial ointment is a mixture of metallic mercury and alcohol. Taken internally, it would act as a purgative. It would be very difficult to swallow enough to cause death.

DIFFERENCE NOT GREAT

Mrs. H. R. writes: "Will you please tell me what the danger is, if any, to a woman of 38 becoming pregnant for the first time, having been married nine years?"

REPLY

The danger of accident during labor is somewhat greater than with younger women. However, the difference is not great.

BRITISH MARINES IN CONTROL AT OSIEND

LONDON, Aug. 28.—The British marines in force are now in control of Ostend, says a dispatch from the last-named place to the Times. They continued landing all day yesterday and several quick-firing guns were brought ashore early today.

The fighting at Ghent-Bruges on Tuesday dispelled all objection and the city falling, asked the British government to send marines.

MEDICAL TERMS GOT DOCTOR INTO TROUBLE

LONDON, Aug. 28.—A manuscript on scientific work, filled with the names of bacteria and formidable sounding terms, got Dr. H. E. Schumann of Chicago into serious trouble at Dijon, France, while he was traveling from Paris to London.

Arriving at Dijon, he was held until another doctor explained the nature of the medical work.

There are more than 1,000 women suffragists in the United States.

